

ASX Release Level 18, 275 Kent Street Sydney, NSW, 2000

4 November 2024

Westpac 2024 Presentation and Investor Discussion Pack

Westpac Banking Corporation ("Westpac") today provides the attached Westpac 2024 Presentation and Investor Discussion Pack.

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This document has been authorised for release by Tim Hartin, Company Secretary.



2024 FULL YEAR FINANCIAL RESULTS

FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

PRESENTATION CONTINUES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE AND INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

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PETER KING CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

FY24 HIGHLIGHTS

DISCIPLINED PERFORMANCE

IMPROVING CUSTOMER SERVICE

STRONG BALANCE SHEET, RETURNING CAPITAL



FY24 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	FY23	FY24	FY24 - FY23 Change
Net profit ¹	\$7,195m	\$6,990m	(3%)
Return on tangible equity ²	11.4%	11.0%	(38 bps)
Excluding Notable Items			
ONet Profit	\$7,368m	\$7,113m	(3%)
Revenue	\$21,542m	\$21,763m	1%
Net Interest Margin	1.96%	1.95%	(1 bp)
Expenses	(\$10,232m)	(\$10,944m)	7%
Impairment charges to average loans	9 bps	7 bps	(2 bps)

¹ Also referred to as net profit attributable to owners of WBC, net profit after tax or statutory profit. 2 The return on tangible equity calculation is described further in the 2024 Full Year Annual Report.



CONSUMER: IMPROVING SERVICE

IMPROVING CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

#1 mobile banking app¹

Best overall loyalty program²

NPS³, up 2 points to #3⁴

GROWING QUALITY DEPOSITS

MFI³ share up 70bps to 16.8%⁴

Household deposit growth 1.1x system⁵

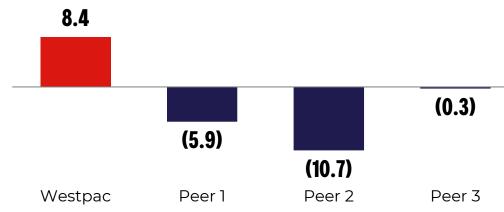
>80% of behavioural savings balances received the bonus rate

NIM STABILISED⁶
IN 2H24

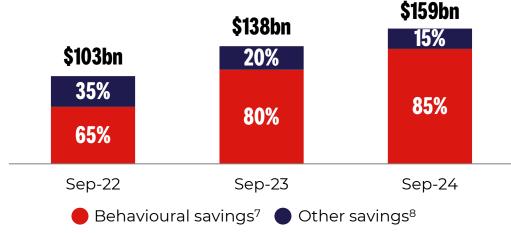
ROTE 9%

HOUSEHOLD DEPOSIT GROWTH COMPARED TO SYSTEM⁵

September 2022 – September 2024 (\$bn)



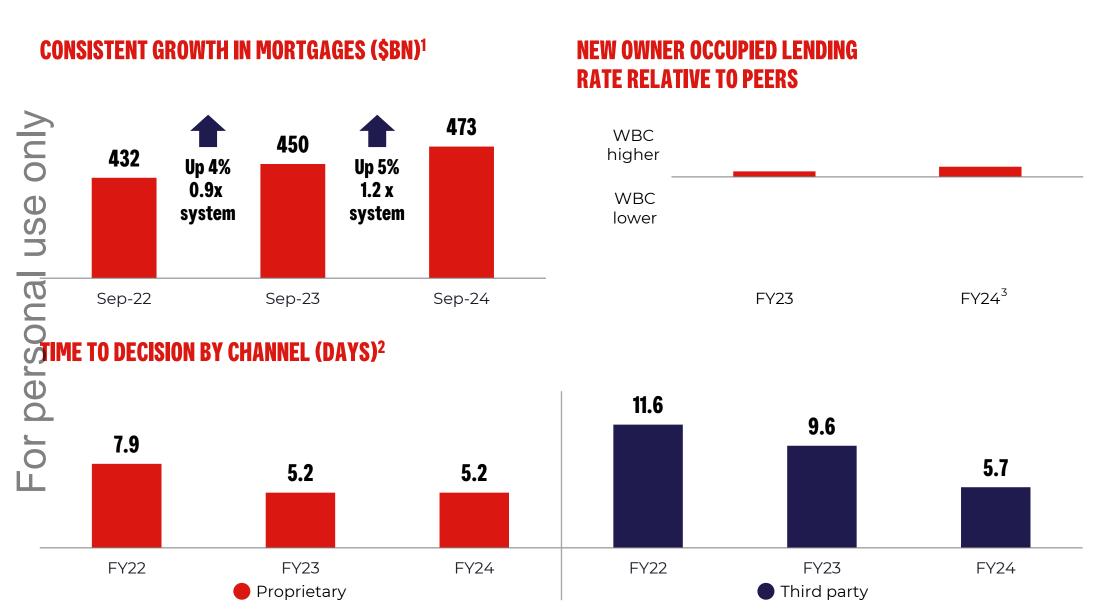
SAVINGS DEPOSIT MIX



1 The Forrester Digital Experience Review: Australian Mobile Banking Apps, Q3 2024. 2 Westpac Rewards received the award for Best Overall Loyalty Program in Financial Services at the 2023/2024 Asia Pacific Loyalty Awards. 3 Refer to page 118 for definition. 4 Compared to Sep-23. 5 Based on APRA ADI statistics. 6 Up 1bp to 1.70%. 7 Includes Westpac Life and St. George Incentive Saver. 8 Includes Westpac E-saver and St.George Maxi.



MORTGAGES: CONSISTENT GROWTH IN MORTGAGES



1 Excludes RAMS portfolio which is closed to new business. 2 12 month median (50th percentile) time to unconditional approval. 3 Comparison between RBA Statistical Table F6, Lending rates; Housing credit; New loans funded in the month; Owner-occupied; Variable-rate; Large institutions, and Westpac's submission to the RBA under the same criteria. FY23 is average Oct-22 to Sep-23; and FY24 is average Oct-23 to Aug-24.



BUSINESS: EMERGING GROWTH

COMPETITIVE CUSTOMER PROPOSITION

Bringing the whole bank to the client

TTD down 5 days to 9 days over last 2 years¹

More bankers

CUNVESTING AND SIMPLIFYING

Faster approval for small business loans²

Transaction banking enhanced

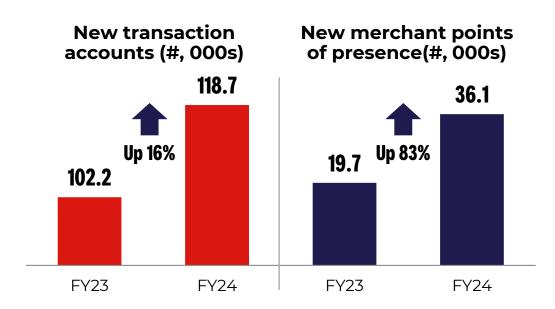
Commenced Biz Edge program³

BUSINESS NPS⁴

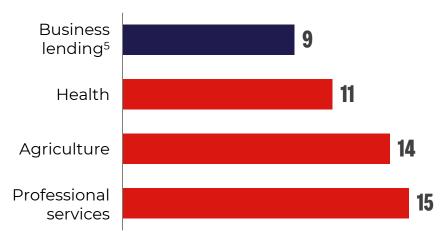
UP 3

BUSINESS & WEALTH ROTE

20%



LENDING GROWTH IN TARGETED SECTORS (%)



1 Time to decision, Sep-24 compared to Sep-22. 2 Loans up to \$3m. 3 Development of a single business lending origination platform. 4 Refer to page 118 for definition. 5 Excludes auto finance portfolio which is in runoff.



INSTITUTIONAL: STRONGER CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS

SOLID PROGRESS

Strong growth in Corporate & Institutional Banking

Leading Fixed Income Franchise in Australia & NZ¹

Leading lender to renewable energy projects in Australia

CUNVESTING FOR THE FUTURE

More bankers

PayTo for Billers integrated with receivables platform

Westpac One² on track

CUSTOMER ADVOCACY SCORE

UP₅

WIB ROTE

14%

LENDING 9%³

NIM EX MARKETS 2.10%,
4bps⁴

#1 IN GOVERNMENT DEPOSITS⁵

#1 AUD BOND LEAGUE TABLE⁶

#1 ECONOMICS & RESEARCH⁷

1 #1 market share in bonds and semis, #1 market share in investment grade corporate bonds, =#1 market share in interest rate swaps, #1 market share in OIS, #1 market share in asset-backed bonds – 2023 Peter Lee Associates Fixed Income Survey, ranking against all banks. 2 Corporate cash management platform. 3 Compared to Sep-23. 4 Compared to FY23. 5 Based on Sep-24 APRA ADI statistics. 6 Bloomberg Australian Bonds League table (excluding self-led issuance), YTD as at 27 September 2024. 7 #1 most useful analysis of economy, most useful interest rate forecasts and trend analysis, most useful written materials on strategies and recommendations – 2024 Peter Lee Associates Interest Rate Derivatives survey, ranking against all banks.

NEW

NEW ZEALAND: SUPPORTING CUSTOMERS

CHALLENGING OPERATING CONDITIONS

- Low growth environment
 - Mortgages up 3%1
 - Business lending up 2%¹

Credit quality resilient

CUSTOMER FOCUS

Proactive engagement with customers needing support

Digital acceptance rolled out², turnaround times \sim 5 days to < 1 day

Investment in technology resilience, incidents down 33%3

LENDING 3%¹

NIM 2.17%, 4bps³

NEW ZEALAND AGRI AND INSTO NPS #2

\$4bn IN SUSTAINABLE FARM & BUSINESS LOANS

1 Compared to Sep-23. 2 For business, mortgages and personal loans. 3 Compared to FY23.



For personal use only

SUPPORT AND SAFETY

SUPPORTING CUSTOMERS



47,500 support packages¹

>1M

customers using money management tools²

>1BN POINTS REDEEMED

through Pay with Points³

SUPPORTING THE COMMUNITY



~\$330M cost to provide cash services

\$177M

in community investments⁴

LAUNCHED SUSTAINABLE UPGRADES LOAN

home and investor loans

ENHANCING SAFETY



\$237M customer scams stopped

\$150M

in payments abandoned thanks to Saferpay alerts⁵

\$1.7M

in customer scam losses⁶ averted via Verify checks

¹ Includes accounts in hardship for Australian Consumer and Business segments. 2 In the 90 days to 30 Sep-24. 3 Since launch in Jun-24. 4 Figure includes commercial sponsorships and foregone fee revenue. 5 Since launching in Mar-24. 6 Since launching in Jun-24.



UNITE: TECHNOLOGY SIMPLIFICATION: BUSINESS LED, TECHNOLOGY ENABLED

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES



FY24 PROGRESS

- Governance model established and operating
- Initiatives consolidated to 61 from ~85
- 39 initiatives commenced; 2 complete
- Deposit processor consolidation confirmed (3 to 1)

UNITE investment:

- 35-40% of total investment over FY25 to FY28
- ~75% of spend to be expensed

UNITE INITATIVES UNDERWAY AND PLANNED FOR FY25



These objectives are 'forward-looking statements' and are subject to assumptions, risks and other important information in the Disclaimer on page 120. 1 Organisational Health Index.



UNITE EXAMPLE: ELECTRONIC IDENTITY VERIFICATION

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CONSOLIDATING 22 PROCESSES TO 1

18 PROCESSES COMPLETED IN 2024

BIOMETRICS ENABLED

EXPECTED OUTCOMES

BETTER CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

Quicker and easier way to complete ID checks

• Improved success rate

2 IMPROVED EMPLOYEE EXPERIENCE

- Faster and easier to onboard and serve customers
- More time for quality customer conversations

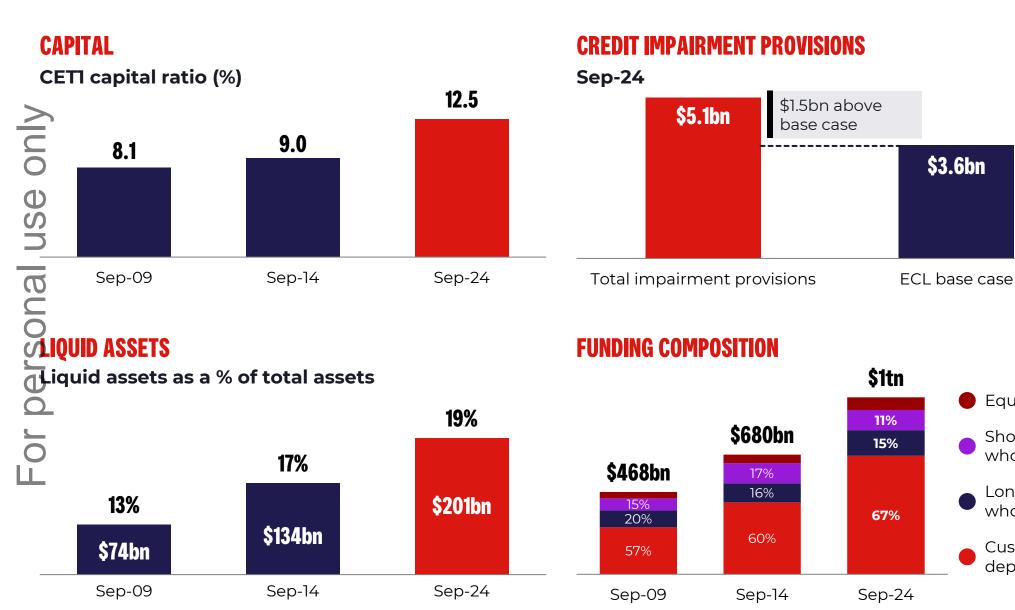
3 INCREASED SHAREHOLDER RETURN

- Initiative cost ~\$25m
- Estimated savings \$15m p.a.

This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 120.



STRONG FINANCIAL POSITION



¹ Wholesale funding with a residual maturity of less than 12 months.



Equity

Short term

wholesale 1

Long term

wholesale

Customer

deposits

CAPIT

use.onlv

CAPITAL AND DIVIDENDS

CAPITAL RETURNS

- CETI capital ratio 12.5%
 - Proforma 12.1%¹, \$2.7bn of capital above top end of target range²

On market share buyback program:

- FY23 and 1H24³: \$2.5bn, 23% remaining⁴
- 2H24 increase: \$1.0bn⁵

1H24 special dividend \$0.5bn, 15cps fully franked

ORDINARY DIVIDENDS

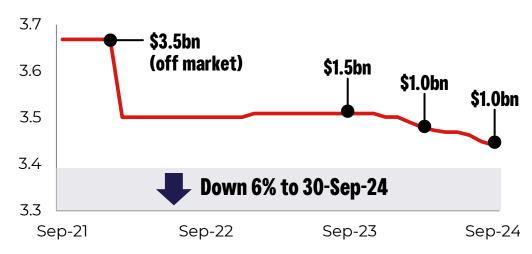
FY24 payout ratio of 73%6

Payout ratio range 65 – 75%

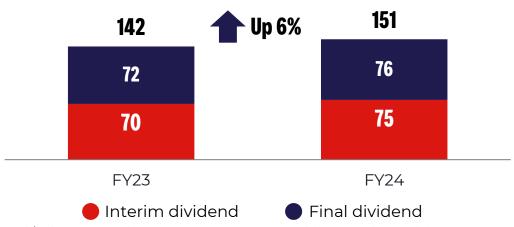
Dividend yield 4.8%7, fully franked 6.8%7

Neutralise DRP

REDUCING SHARE COUNT THROUGH BUYBACKS (#BN)



ORDINARY DIVIDENDS PER SHARE (CENTS)



1 After remaining buyback, \$1.7bn. 2 CETI ratio target range 11.0%-11.5%. 3 \$1.5bn announced in Nov-23 and \$1.0bn announced in May-24. 4 As at 4-Nov-24. 5 Subject to market conditions. 6 Excluding Notable Items. 7 Based on 30-Sep-24 closing price of \$31.72.





MICHAEL ROWLAND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

2H24 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	1H24	2H24	Change
Net profit	\$3,342m	\$3,648m	9%
Earnings Per Share	96c	105c	10%
Excluding Notable Items:			
Wet profit	\$3,506m	\$3,607m	3%
Revenue	\$10,816m	\$10,947m	1%
Expenses	(\$5,395m)	(\$5,549m)	3%
Pre-provision profit	\$5,421m	\$5,398m	-
Ö			
Impairment charges to average loans annualised	9 bps	4 bps	(5 bps)
Cost to income ratio	50%	51%	81 bps
Return on tangible equity	11.0%	11.4%	43 bps



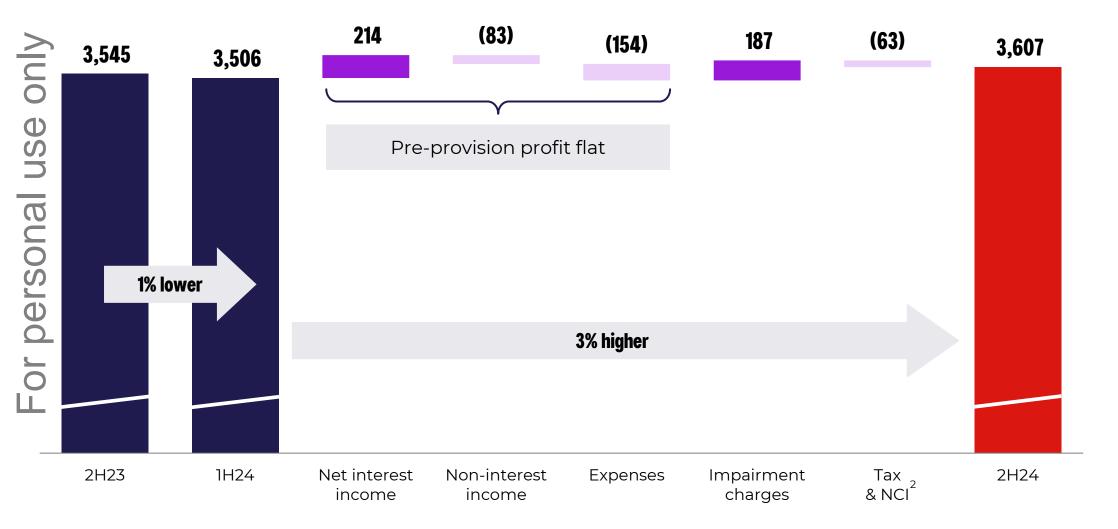
NOTABLE ITEMS

Notable Items¹ (\$m after tax)	1H24	2H24
Asset sales and revaluations	-	-
Provisions for remediation, litigation, fines and penalties	-	-
Restructuring costs	-	-
Assets write-downs	-	-
O LHedging items	(164)	41
Total Notable Items	(164)	41

¹ For further details of Notable Items refer to page 40.



2H24-1H24 NET PROFIT (\$M)¹



1 Excludes the impact of Notable Items. 2 Non-controlling interests.



NET LOANS (\$BN)

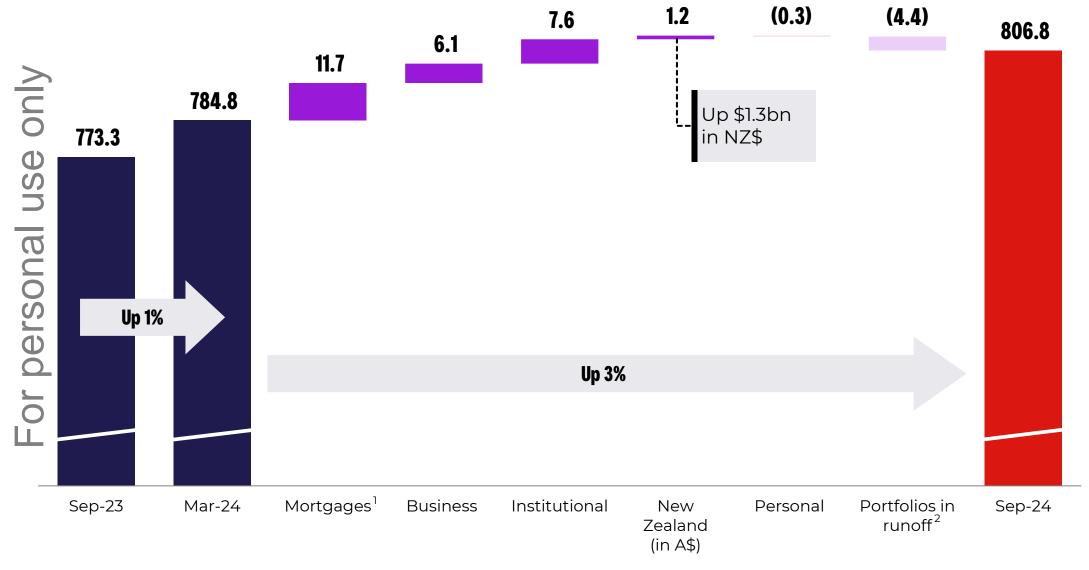
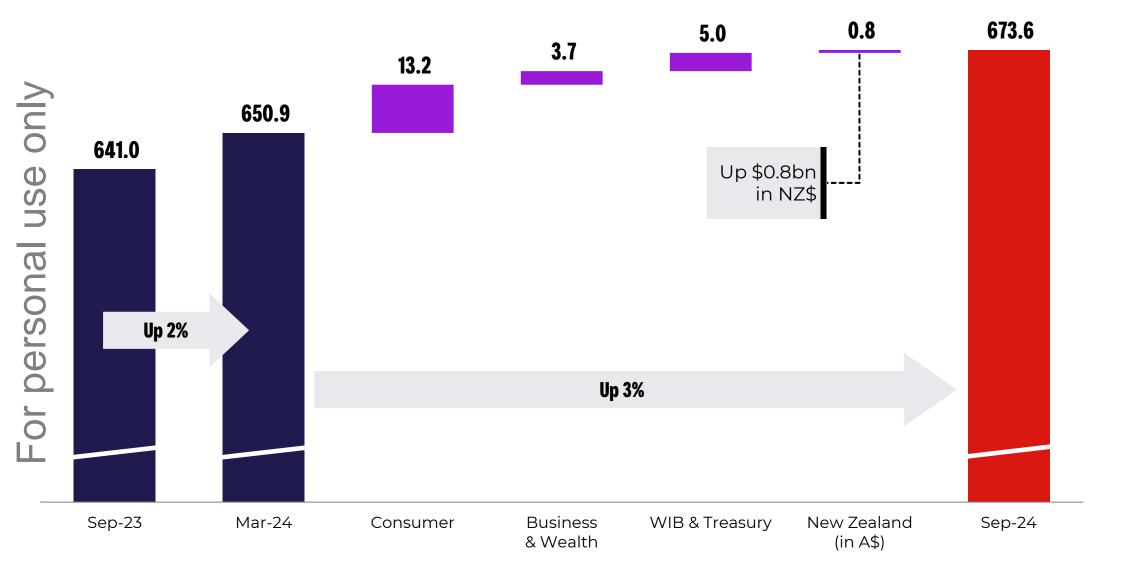


Chart may not add due to rounding. 1 Excluding RAMS. 2 RAMS and Auto finance.

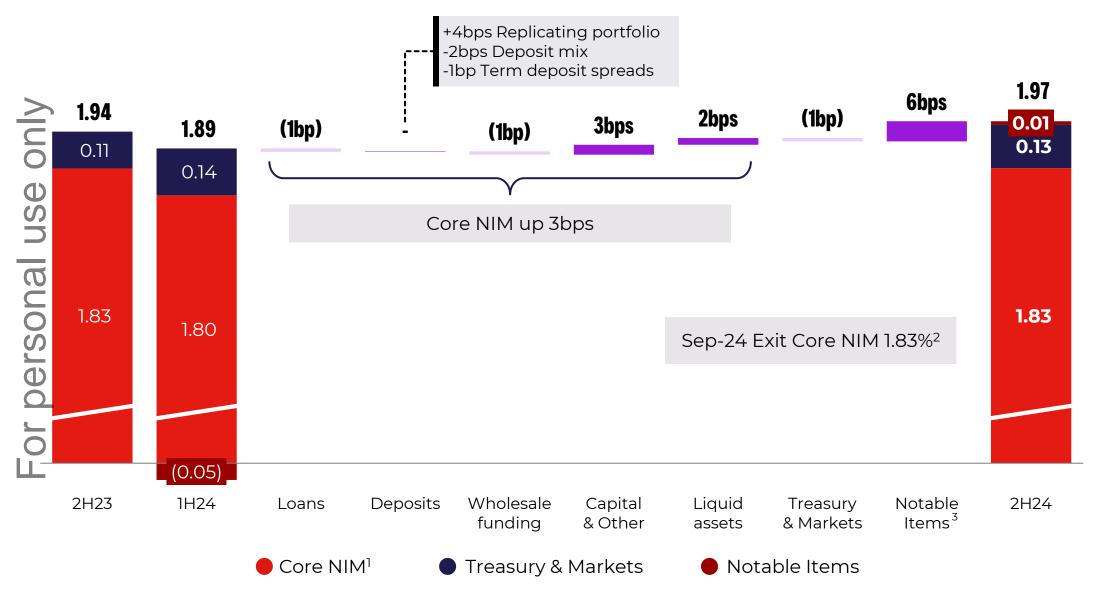


DEPOSIT GROWTH (\$BN)





NET INTEREST MARGIN (%)

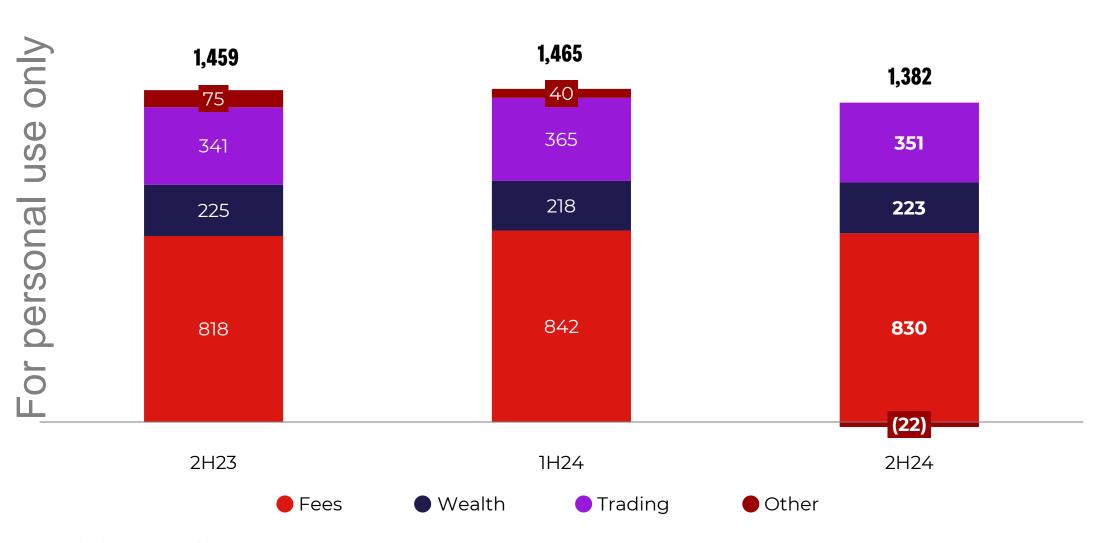


1 Net interest margin excluding Notable Items, Treasury & Markets. 2 Exit refers to Core NIM for the month ended. Sep-24 Exit Core NIM adjusted to exclude the impact of remediation provision release. 3 Hedging items gain of \$61m compared to 1H24 loss of \$224m.



NON-INTEREST INCOME¹

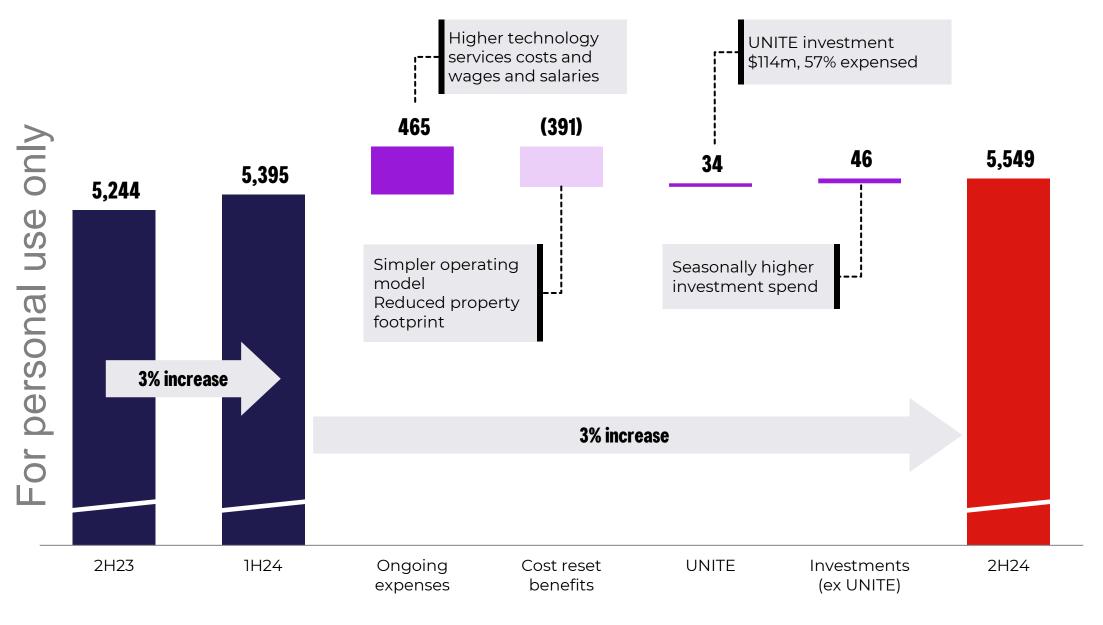
NON-INTEREST INCOME BY TYPE (\$M)



1 Excludes the impact of Notable Items.



2H24 EXPENSES (\$M)¹



¹ Excludes the impact of Notable Items.



INVESTMENT SPEND

RISK & REGULATORY

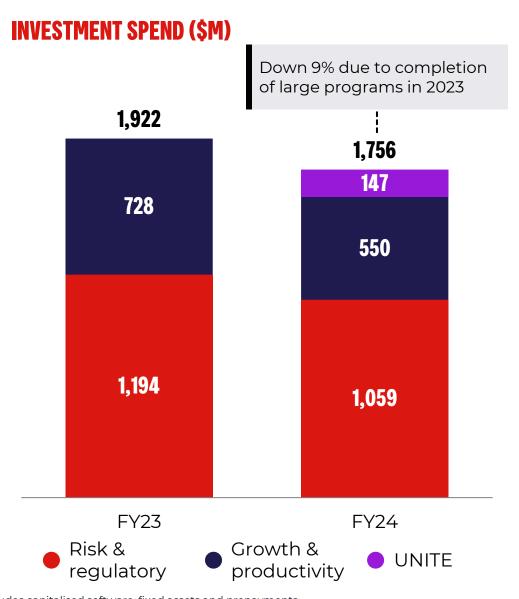
- Payments infrastructure
- Cyber capability and customer fraud and scams protection
- CPS230 operational risk management

OGROWTH AND PRODUCTIVITY

- Digital enhancements
- Development of Westpac One¹ and Biz Edge²

UNITE: Continued planning; commenced execution

Investment spend	FY23	FY24
Total expensed	42%	56%
Capitalised ³	58%	44%
Capitalised software (\$m)	2,797	2,675
Amortisation expense (\$m)	621	889
Avg amortisation period (years)	3.6	3.1

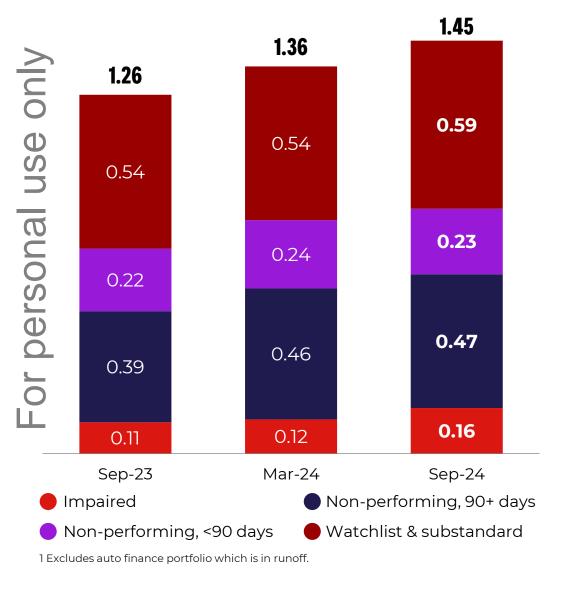


¹ Corporate cash management platform. 2 Integrated business lending origination platform. 3 Includes capitalised software, fixed assets and prepayments.

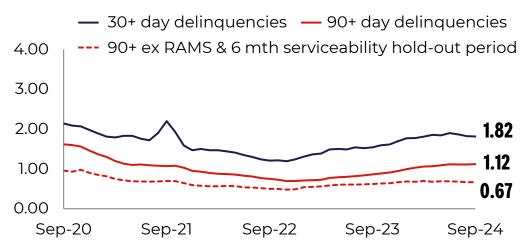


CREDIT QUALITY

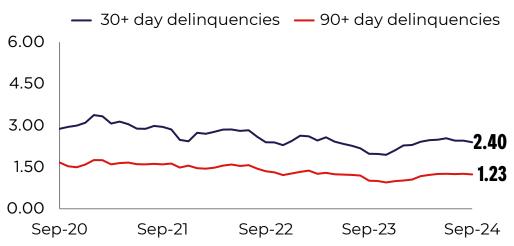
STRESSED EXPOSURES AS A % OF TCE



AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE DELINQUENCIES (%)

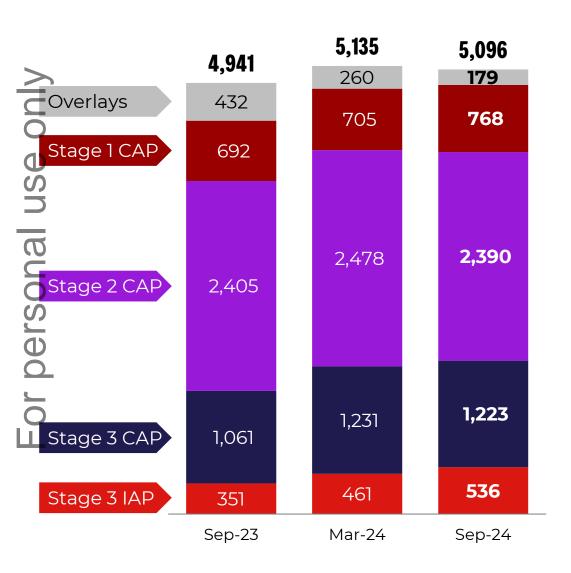


AUSTRALIAN UNSECURED DELINQUENCIES (%)¹





IMPAIRMENT PROVISIONS \$1.5BN ABOVE BASE CASE (\$M)



CAP to credit RWA of 1.32%, down 6bps

Overlays reduced \$81m

CAP \$33m lower

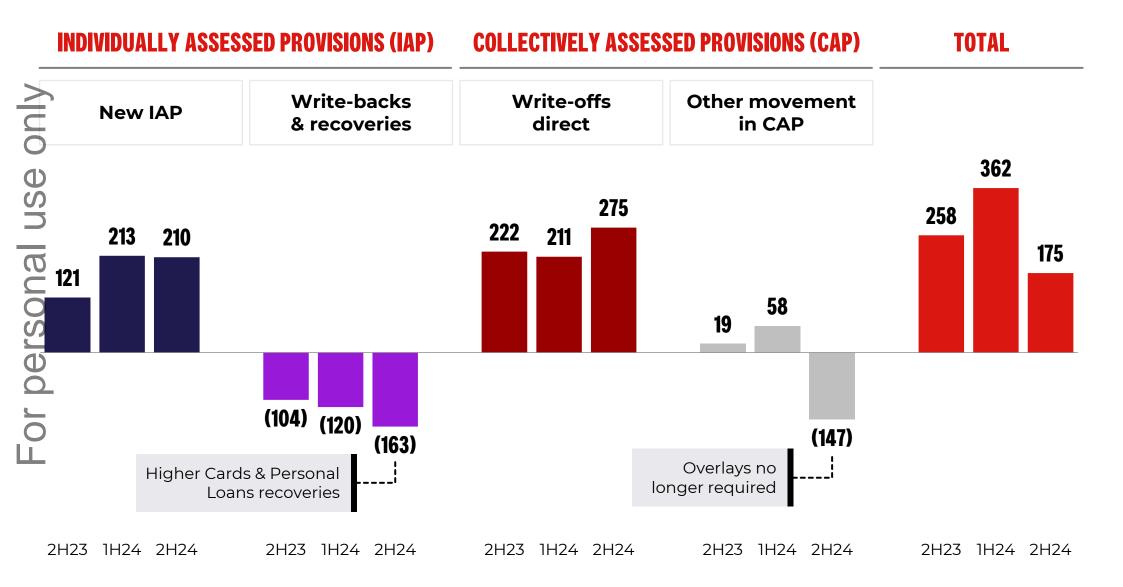
- Runoff of auto finance balances
- Lower cards balances

IAP increased \$75m due to single names in manufacturing and transport

	Base case		Downside	
Forecasts for base case ECL	2024	2025	Trough/ peak ³	
GDP growth	1.5%	2.4%	(6%)	
Unemployment	4.3%	4.6%	11%	
Residential property prices	5.7%	4.0%	(27%)	
Commercial property prices	(11.5%)	1.3%	(32%)	



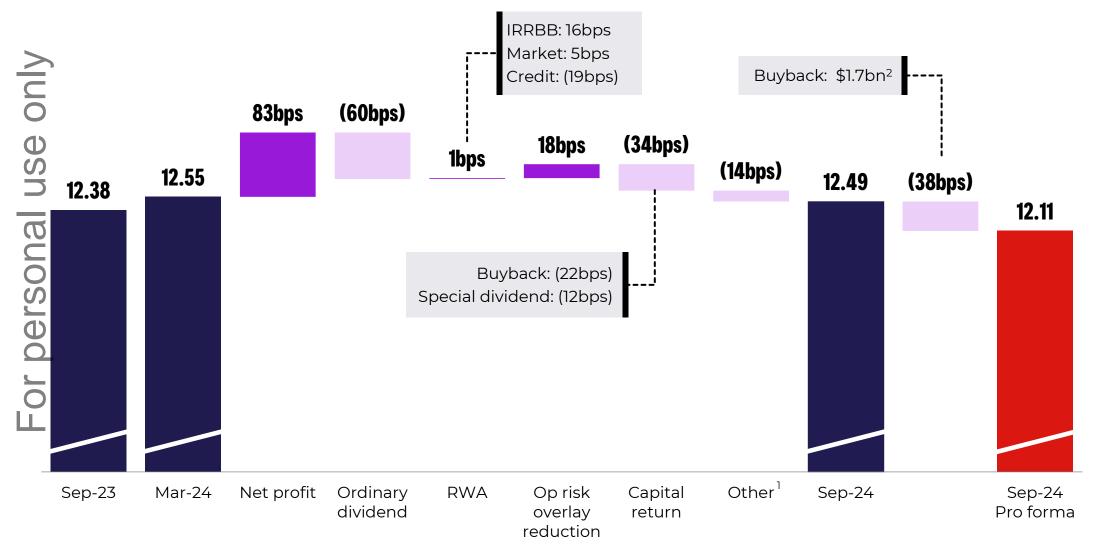
CREDIT IMPAIRMENT CHARGE COMPOSITION (\$M)





CAPITAL ABOVE TOP END OF TARGET OPERATING RANGE

CET1 CAPITAL RATIO %



1 Capital deduction and other movements including FX translation impacts. 2 Includes on market share buyback extension of up to \$1.0bn and remaining on market share buyback announced in Nov-23 and May-24.



1H25 CONSIDERATIONS

REVENUE **EXPENSES CREDIT QUALITY & BALANCE SHEET**

- System credit growth similar to 2H24
- Mortgage competition and deposit mix shift continuing
- · Replicating portfolio benefit slightly lower

- Increased investment in UNITE, ~75% expensed
- Wage growth and inflation moderating
- Technology services cost pressures ongoing
- Focus on productivity continues

- Credit quality sound, expect modest deterioration
- · Retain strong balance sheet settings

The information on this page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation reflecting Westpac's current views on future events. They are subject to change without notice and certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions which are, in many instances, beyond its control. They have been based upon management's expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effect on Westpac. Should one or more of the risks or uncertainties materialise, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and statements of expectation. Except as required by law, Westpac is not responsible for updating, or obliged to update, any matter arising after the date of this presentation. The information in this page is subject to the information in Westpac's ASX filings, including in its 2024 Annual Report and elsewhere in this presentation.

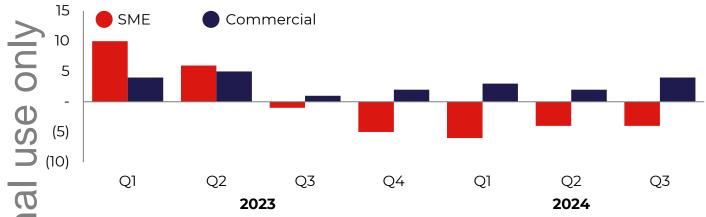


PETER KING CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

AUSTRALIAN ECONOMY: BUSINESS

BUSINESS CASH FLOW TRENDS

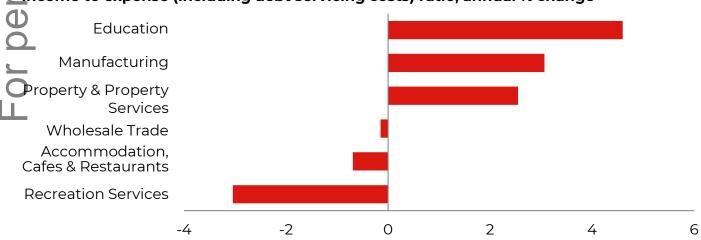
Change in share of business with positive cashflow, rolling 6-month average (ppts)



- Commercial consistent improvement
- SME more challenged

UNEVEN CASH FLOW CONDITIONS BY INDUSTRY

Income to expense (including debt servicing costs) ratio, annual % change



- Growing population has supported certain industries
- Consumer led slowdown has weighed on discretionary sectors

This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 120. 1 Source: Westpac Economics, Macrobond.



ECONOMY: OUTLOOK IMPROVING¹

Australia	2023	2024F	2025F
GDP ²	1.6	1.5	2.5
Cash rate ³	4.35	4.35	3.35
Unemployment rate ³	3.9	4.3	4.6
otal credit growth ⁴	4.8	5.7	5.7
Housing ⁴	4.2	5.2	5.4
Business ⁴	6.5	7.2	7.0
New Zealand	2023	2024F	2025F
GDP ²	-	-	2.3
Cash rate ³	5.50	4.25	3.50
Unemployment rate ³	4.5	5.3	5.5
Total credit growth ⁴	2.2	3.0	4.2
Housing ⁴	3.0	3.7	5.4
Business ⁴	0.6	1.9	2.0

This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 120. 1 Source: Westpac Economics 2 Through the year growth rates. 3 End of period. 4 Annual growth.



FY24 HIGHLIGHTS

DISCIPLINED PERFORMANCE

IMPROVING CUSTOMER SERVICE

STRONG BALANCE SHEET, RETURNING CAPITAL



INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

CREATING VALUE FOR OUR SHAREHOLDERS, CUSTOMERS, PEOPLE, COMMUNITY AND ENVIRONMENT IN FY24

OVERVIEW

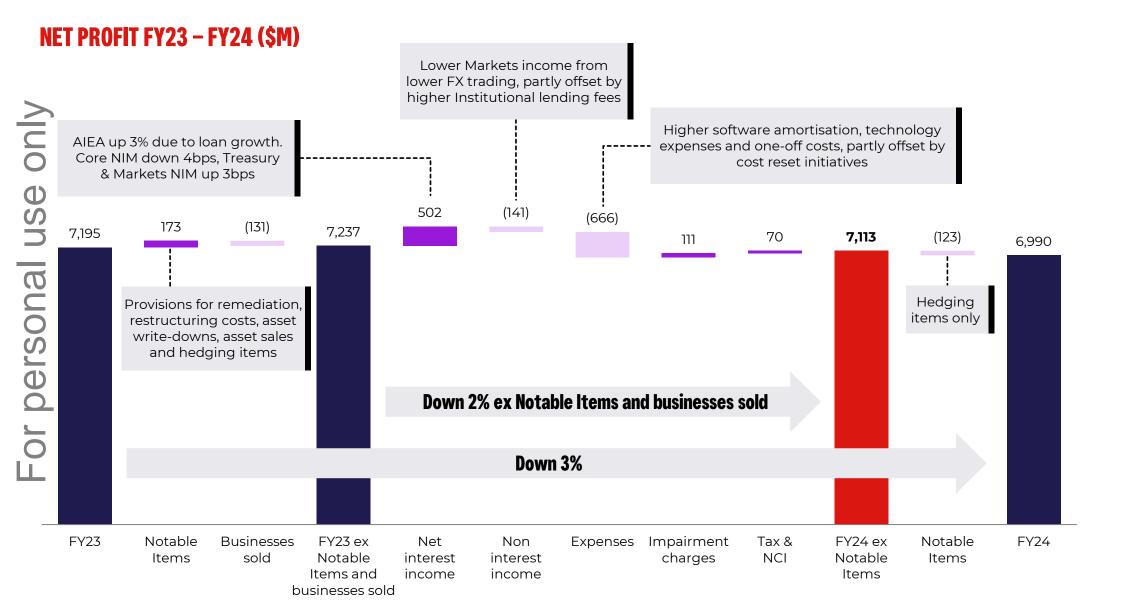
SHAREHOLDERS	CUSTOMERS	OUR PEOPLE	COMMUNITY	ENVIRONMENT
\$6,990m Net Profit, down 3% on FY23	13 million Customers across the Group	80 Organisational Health Index, +5 on FY23	\$237m Stopped or recovered in customer scam losses in FY24	86% Reduction in scope 1 and 2 emissions from our 2021 baseline ⁷
\$5.7bn To be returned to shareholders via dividends	#1 Mobile Banking App ¹	49% Women in senior leadership ²	\$177m In community investments ⁴	\$29bn Contributed to sustainable finance lending in FY24 ⁵
12.5% Common equity tier 1 capital ratio, comfortably above top of operating target range	+\$34bn Loans	35,240 Employees ³	\$37.9m Spent with diverse suppliers ⁵	100% Sourcing equivalent of 100% of our electricity from renewables globally ⁷
11% Return on tangible equity, down 38 bps	+\$33bn Customer deposits	\$6bn Paid to our people	100 New scholarships awarded in FY24, 820+ active scholars ⁶	Targets set, covering all our NZBA emission intensive sectors ⁵

¹ The Forrester Digital Experience Review: Australian Mobile Banking Apps, Q3 2024. 2 Senior leadership includes executive team, general managers and their direct reports (excluding administrative or support roles). 3 Full time equivalent at 30 Sep-24. 4 Includes the contribution of commercial sponsorships and foregone-fee revenue. 5 Refer to the FY24 Sustainability Index and Datasheet for more information on the definitions and additional metrics. 6 Scholarships were awarded by Westpac Scholars Trust. Westpac Group provides support to Westpac Scholars Trust. While Westpac Westpac Westpac Group. 7 Estimated from Sep-24.



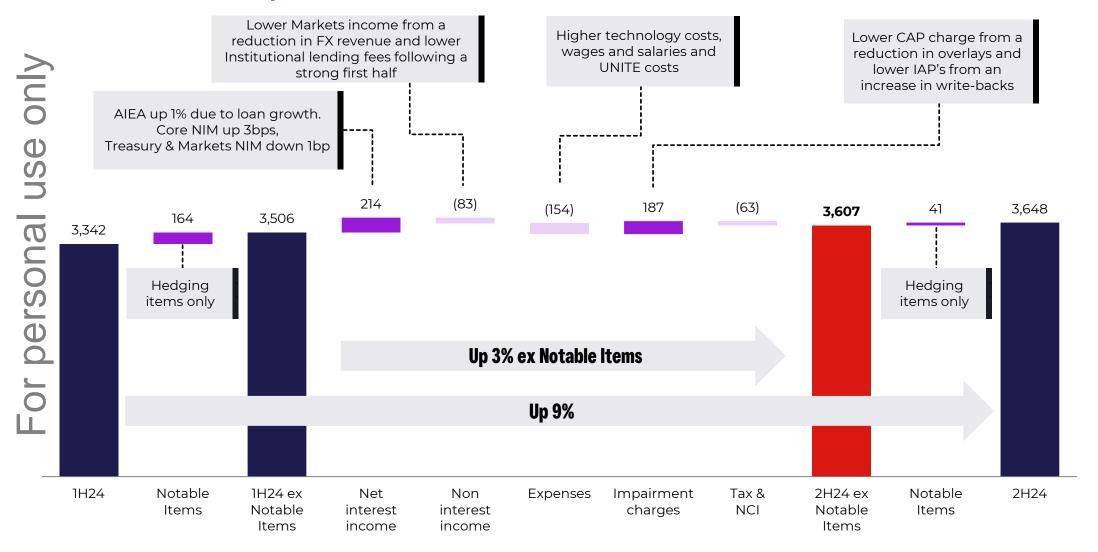


EARNINGS DRIVERS





NET PROFIT 1H24 - 2H24 (\$M)





SINGLE MEASURE OF PERFORMANCE – NET PROFIT AFTER TAX

Westpac uses net profit after tax to assess financial performance at both a Group and segment level

Notable Items are shown separately to clarify underlying operating performance and allocated to the following categories:

- Large items that are not reflective of the Group's ordinary operations which may include:
 - The impact of asset sales and revaluations
 - Provisions for remediation, litigation, fines and penalties
 - Restructuring costs
 - The write-down of assets (including goodwill and capitalised software)

Hedging items^{1,2}:

- Unrealised fair value gains and losses on economic hedges that do not qualify for hedge accounting
- Net ineffectiveness on qualifying hedges

Notable Items (\$m after tax)	1H24	2H24	FY23	FY24
Asset sales and revaluations	-	-	256	-
Provisions for remediation, litigation, fines and penalties	-	-	(176)	-
Restructuring costs	-	-	(140)	-
Asset write-downs	-	-	(87)	-
Hedging items	(164)	41	(26)	(123)
Total Notable Items	(164)	41	(173)	(123)

HEDGING ITEMS (\$M) 243 200 185 52 41 (94) (94) (544) 2H19 1H20 2H20 1H21 2H21 1H22 2H22 1H23 2H23 1H24 2H24



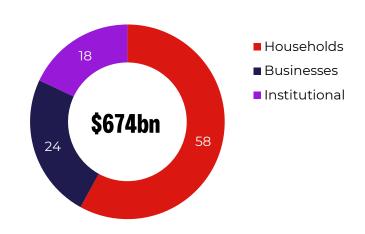
¹ Peers disclose these items as 'cash earnings adjustments'. 2 Items unwind to zero over time.

GROUP LOANS AND DEPOSITS

COMPOSITION OF GROSS LOANS (% OF TOTAL)

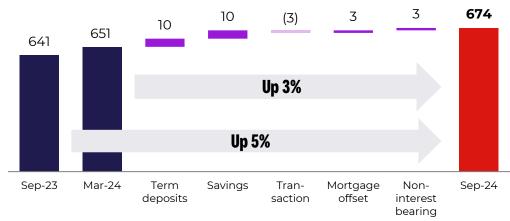


COMPOSITION OF CUSTOMER DEPOSITS (% OF TOTAL)





MOVEMENT IN CUSTOMER DEPOSITS (\$BN)



1 Only includes Australian lending, 2 A\$. Increase in local currency was NZ\$1.3bn. 3 Includes a contraction of \$3.5bn in RAMS and \$0.9bn in auto finance.



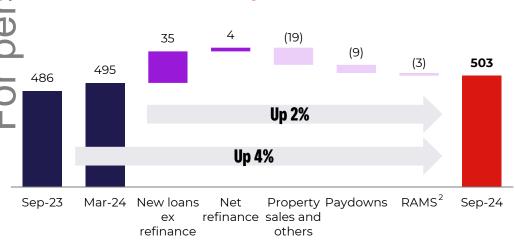
MORTGAGES AND PERSONAL LENDING (\$BN)



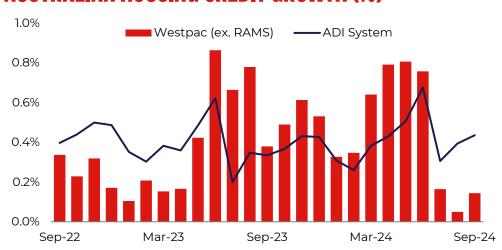
BUSINESS AND INSTITUTIONAL LENDING (\$BN)



AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGES (\$BN)



AUSTRALIAN HOUSING CREDIT GROWTH (%)

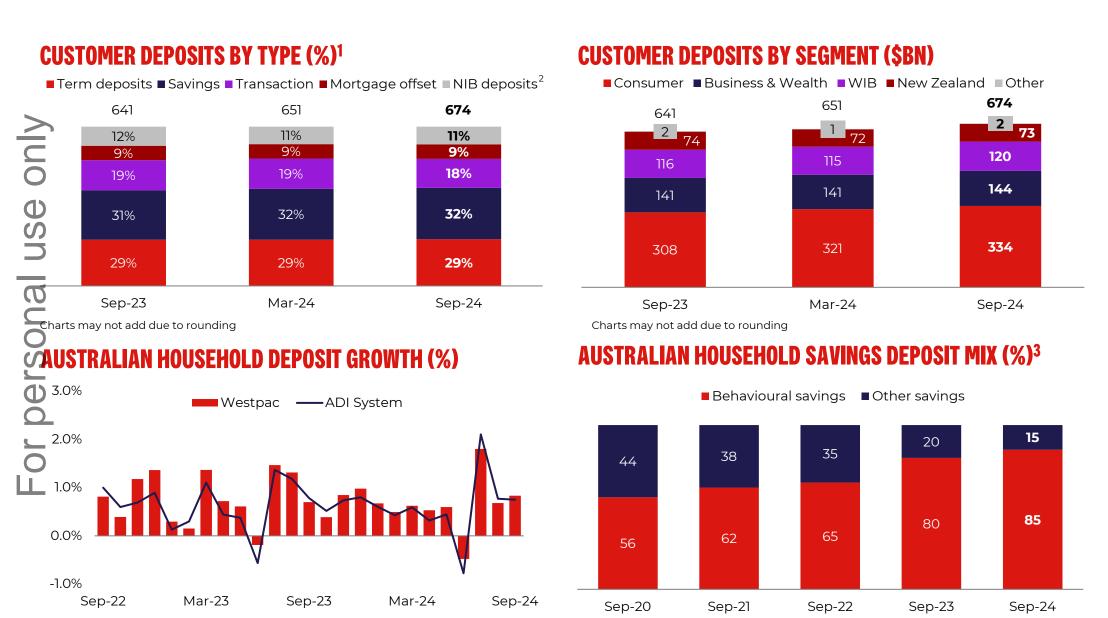


1 A\$. Increase in local currency was NZ\$0.6 billion. 2 Closed to new business. 3 A\$. Increase in local currency was NZ\$0.7 billion.



GROWTH IN DEPOSITS

REVENUE



1 Comparatives have been restated to reflect a reclassification of some savings deposits into transactions and non-interest-bearing deposits. 2 Non-interest bearing (NIB). 3 Mix of Consumer savings accounts. Behavioural savings largely reflects Westpac Life and St. George Incentive Saver, other savings largely reflects Westpac E-saver and St.George Maxi.



NET INTEREST MARGIN

NET INTEREST MARGIN (%)



Spot rate⁴

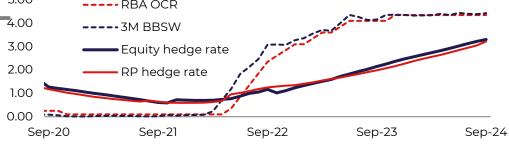
Composition of NIM (%)	1H24	2H24	FY23	FY24
Core NIM	1.80	1.83	1.86	1.82
Treasury & Markets	0.14	0.13	0.10	0.13
Core NIM, Treasury & Markets	1.94	1.96	1.96	1.95
Notable Items: Hedging	(0.05)	0.01	(0.01)	(0.02)
NIM	1.89	1.97	1.95	1.93

REPLICATING PORTFOLIO (RP) AND EQUITY HEDGE (%)

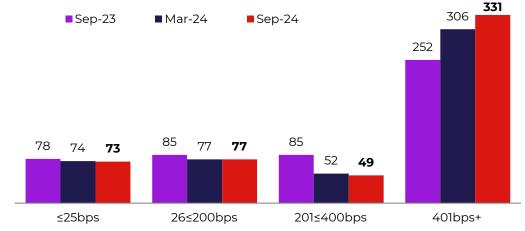
Sep 24

balance rate⁴ term Equity hedge \$55bn 2.79% 3.30% 3 years Domestic deposit hedge³ 2.62% 3.22% \$72bn 4 vears 5.00 -- RBA OCR 4.00 ----3M BBSW

FY24 avg



AUSTRALIAN DEPOSIT BALANCES⁵ BY INTEREST RATE BANDS (\$BN)



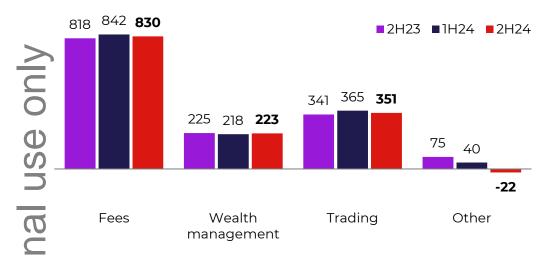
1 Net interest margin excluding Notable Items, Treasury & Markets. 2 Exit refers to Core NIM for the month ended. Sep-24 Exit Core NIM adjusted to exclude impact of remediation provision release. 3 Domestic deposit hedge increased from \$62bn to \$72bn in September 2024. 4 The moving average hedge rate on equity and non-rate sensitive deposits. Spot rate represents the average rate for September 2024. 5 A\$ balances and excludes mortgage offset balances. Prior period numbers have been revised.

Investment

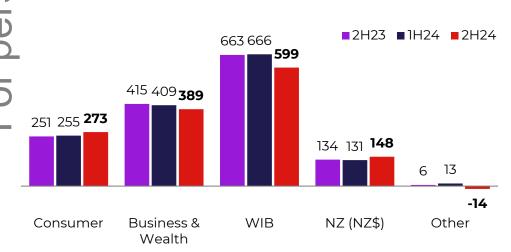


NON-INTEREST AND MARKETS INCOME

NON-INTEREST INCOME BY TYPE (\$M)¹



NON-INTEREST INCOME BY DIVISION (\$M)1

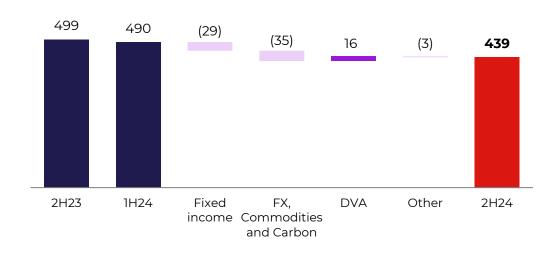


1 Excluding Notable Items. 2 Includes Markets net interest income.

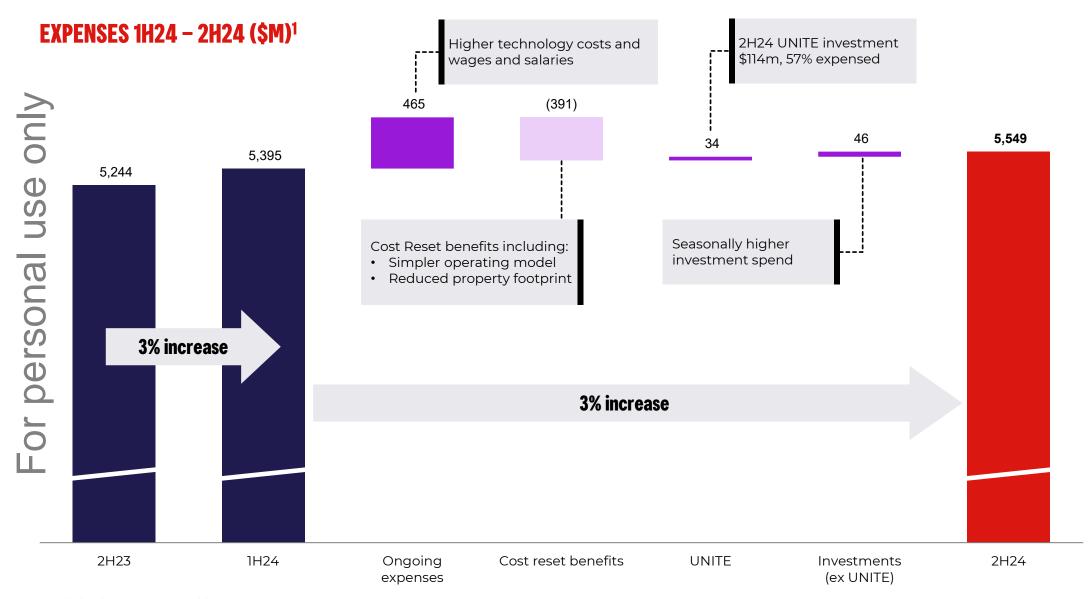
NET FEE INCOME BY SEGMENT (\$M)



TOTAL MARKETS INCOME (\$M)²











UNITE INITIATIVES UNDERWAY AND PLANNED FOR FY25











FY24 ACHIEVEMENTS

Consolidated 18 out of 22 electronic identity verification processes

Consolidated 2 platforms supporting financial markets into 1 strategic platform

Commenced consolidation of our Australian customer masters into one

More than 200 Applications decommissioned

Decommissioned 4 legacy systems across Business Lending, Data Platforms and WIB

FY25 FOCUS

Digital Banker: platform integrating banker tools and features

Mortgage system consolidation and multiple offset account features for all Westpac customers

Group Operations workflow simplification

Digital personal loan originations

Collections platform simplification from 7 to 1 $\,$

This page contains 'forward looking statements'. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 120. 1 Out of 61 initiatives.



UNITE GOVERNANCE & OVERSIGHT

BOARD

Director engagement and regular Board reporting at every meeting

EXECUTIVE LEADERSHIP

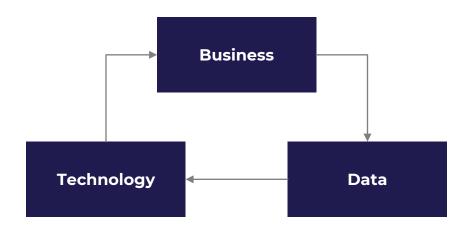
Monthly risk and performance trackingto committed outcomes

PROGRAM LEADERSHIP

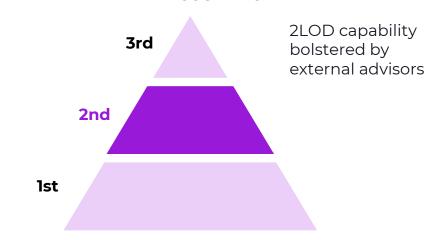
A team of 30+ cross functional experts focused on initiative delivery with external partner providing technical advice to support the program and Board

DIVISIONAL DELIVERY

3-IN-A-BOX OPERATING MODEL



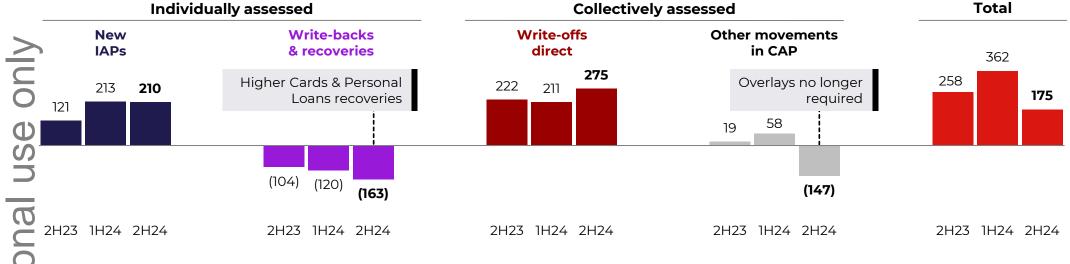
LINE 2 ASSURANCE



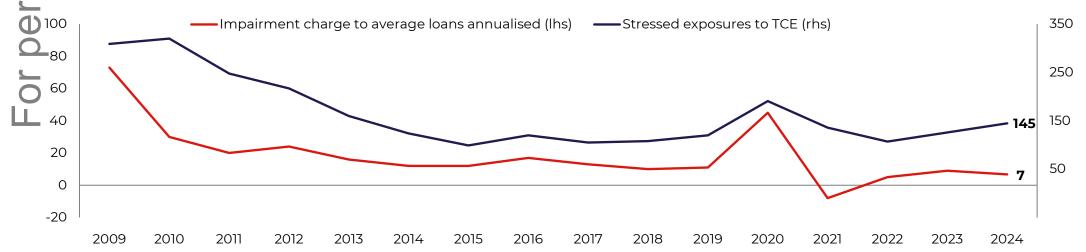


IMPAIRMENT CHARGES COMPOSITION

IMPAIRMENT CHARGES (\$M)



MPAIRMENT CHARGES AND STRESSED EXPOSURES (BPS)





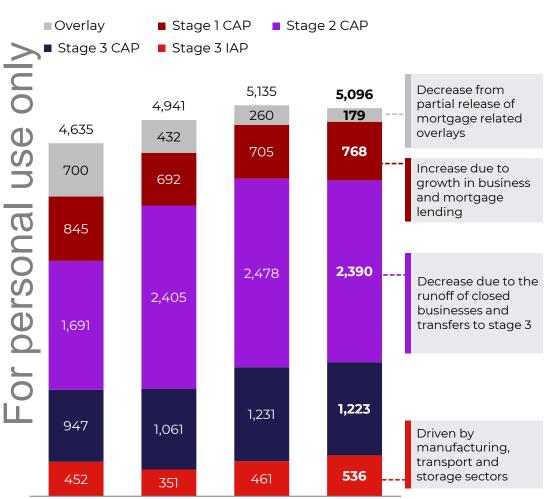


_or

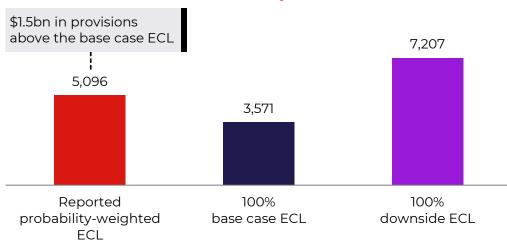
CREDIT QUALITY AND PROVISIONS

Downside

TOTAL PROVISIONS FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES¹ (\$M)



EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (ECL) (\$M)



Forecasts for	Баѕе	Downside	
base case ECL ²	2024	2025	Trough / peak ³
GDP growth	1.5%	2.4%	(6%)
Unemployment	4.3%	4.6%	11%
Residential property prices	5.7%	4.0%	(27%)
Commercial property prices	(11.5%)	1.3%	(32%)

Race case

1 Includes provisions for debt securities. 2 Forecast date is 23 September 2024, 3 These key economic indicators represent trough or peak values that characterise the scenarios considered in setting downside severity. Residential and commercial forecasts represent cumulative reduction over a two-year period.



Mar-24

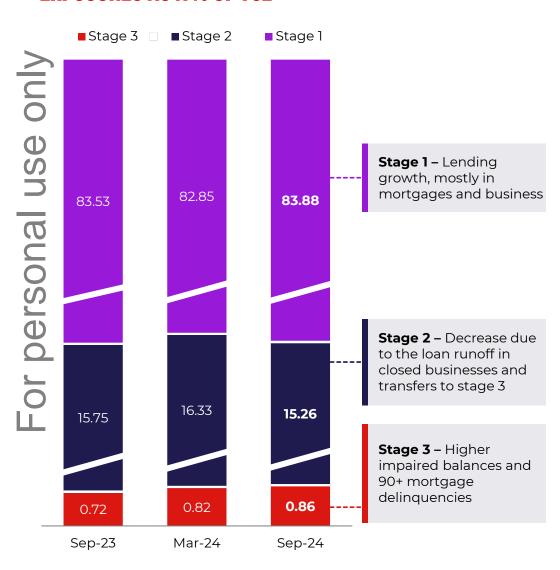
Sep-24

Sep-22

Sep-23

PROVISION COVER

EXPOSURES AS A % OF TCE



KEY RATIOS

	Sep-23	Mar-24	Sep-24
Provisions to gross loans (bps)	63	65	63
Impaired asset provisions to impaired assets (%)	43	47	41
Collectively assessed provisions to credit RWA (bps)	135	138	132

PROVISIONING TO TCE (%)

	Sep-23	Mar-24	Sep-24
Stage 1	0.07	0.07	0.07
Stage 2			
Non-stressed	1.21	1.09	1.10
Stressed	8.74	8.84	7.94
Stage 3 (non-performing)			
Not impaired	11.48	11.44	10.48
Impaired	43.48	46.60	41.28
Total	0.41	0.41	0.41



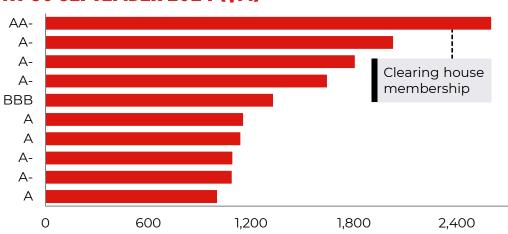
TOTAL COMMITTED EXPOSURE (TCE) BY RISK GRADE AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2024 (\$M)

Standard and Poor's risk grade ¹	Australia	NZ / Pacific	Other overseas	Group	% of total
AAA to AA-	207,968	21,730	12,611	242,309	19%
A+ to A-	42,663	7,663	10,788	61,114	5%
BBB+ to BBB-	81,479	10,627	9,301	101,407	8%
BB+ to BB	88,738	14,799	284	103,821	8%
BB- to B+	52,796	8,615	230	61,641	5%
1 3B+	8,492	2,487	61	11,040	1%
Mortgages	567,123	74,074	-	641,197	52 %
Other consumer products	26,261	3,551	-	29,812	2%
TCE	1,075,520	143,546	33,275	1,252,341	
TCE at 30 September 2023	1,040,292	143,751	33,541	1,217,584	
Exposure by region ² (%)	86%	11%	3%		100%

TOP 10 INSTITUTIONAL EXPOSURES TO CORPORATIONS AND NBFIS³ (% OF TCE)

1.2 1.1 1.1 Sep-21 Sep-22 Sep-23 Sep-24

TOP 10 EXPOSURES TO CORPORATIONS & NBFIS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2024 (\$M)⁴

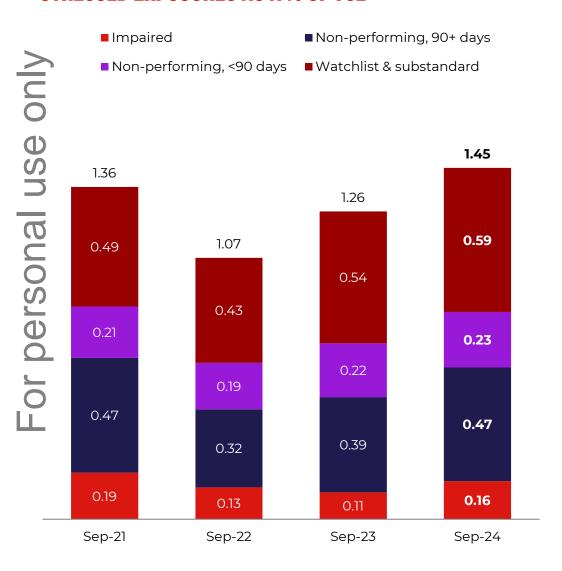


1 Risk grade equivalent. 2 Region is based on booking office. 3 NBFI is non-bank financial institutions. 4 Institutional counterparties; S&P rating or equivalent.



CREDIT QUALITY METRICS

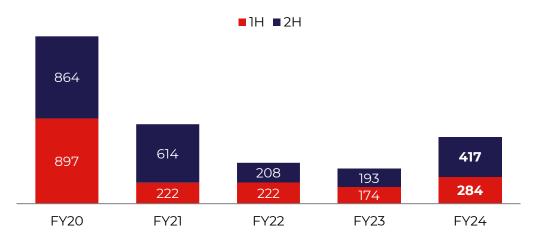
STRESSED EXPOSURES AS A % OF TCE



MOVEMENT IN STRESS BY SEGMENT (BPS)



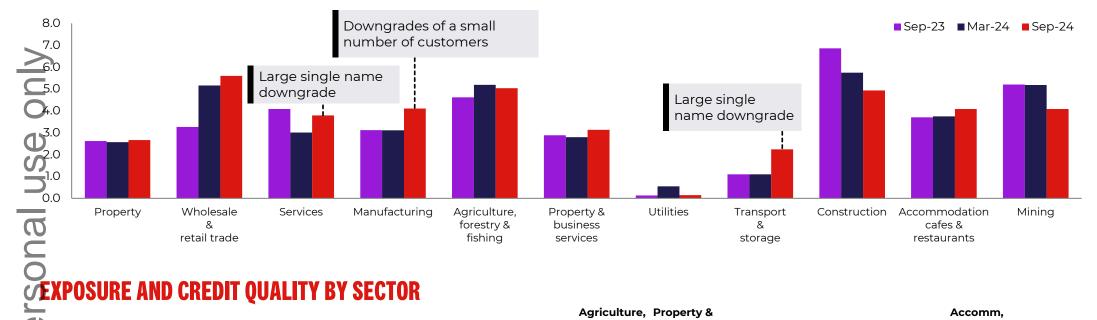
NEW AND INCREASED GROSS IMPAIRED ASSETS (\$M)





CREDIT QUALITY ACROSS SECTORS

CORPORATE AND BUSINESS STRESSED EXPOSURES BY INDUSTRY SECTOR (%)



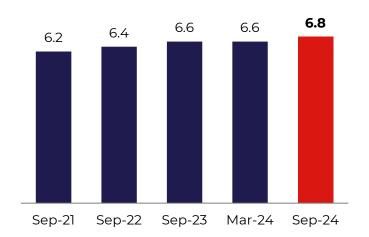
Sector		Finance & Insurance ¹	Property ²	Wholesale & retail trade	Services ³	Manufacturing	Agriculture, forestry & fishing	Property & business services	Utilities	Transport & storage		Accomm, cafes & restaurants	Mining
	Sep-24	162.8	85.5	31.8	25.9	25.4	25.4	25.2	23.6	20.7	13.7	11.7	7.9
CE (\$bn)	Mar-24	195.4	82.2	31.1	24.6	25.4	24.3	24.0	20.6	20.5	13.1	11.5	7.6
Channel (0/)E6	Sep-24	0.1	2.7	5.6	3.8	4.1	5.0	3.1	0.1	2.2	4.9	4.1	4.1
Stressed (%) ^{5,6}	Mar-24	0.1	2.6	5.2	3.0	3.1	5.2	2.8	0.5	1.1	5.7	3.7	5.2
Impaired (%) ⁶	Sep-24	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.2
impaired (70)	Mar-24	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.1

¹ Finance and insurance includes banks, non-banks, insurance companies and other firms providing services to the finance and insurance sectors. Includes assets held for liquidity portfolio. 2 Property includes both residential and non-residential property investors and developers and excludes real estate agents. 3 Services includes education, health & community services, cultural & recreational and personal & other services. 4 Construction includes building and non-building construction, and industries serving the construction sector. 5 Includes impaired exposures. 6 Percentage of portfolio TCE.



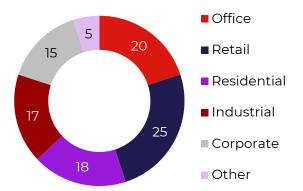
- se only
- Single credit policy, supported by industry sector concentration limits
- Maintained credit standards, with close oversight of portfolio
 - Managed by specialist relationship teams, dedicated credit officers and subject matter experts
 - Limited risk appetite for lower grade office buildings
 - Weighted average LVR for the Australian secured portfolio <50%
 - Credit policy maximum LVR at origination 65%¹
 - 85% fully secured²

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY EXPOSURES (% OF TCE)



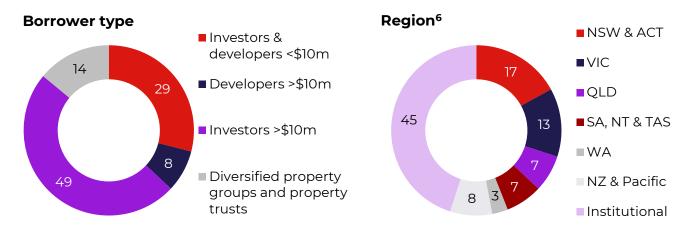
COMMERCIAL PROPERTY PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (TCE) (%)





Sep-23⁵ Mar-24 Sep-24 **1**TCE (\$bn) 80.7 82.2 85.5 % of Group TCE 6.63 6.63 6.83 Lending (\$bn) 63.4 65.2 68.8 Median risk grade BB-BB-BB (S&P equivalent) % of portfolio graded 2.62 2.57 2.66 as stressed^{3,4} % of portfolio 0.08 0.07 0.09 impaired⁴

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (TCE) (%)



¹ Policy exception can be made under limited circumstances. 2 Fully secured is where the exposure is less than 100% of the bank extended value of the security, which is a discount of the market value of the security. 3 Includes impaired exposures. 4 Percentage of commercial property portfolio TCE. 5 Prior periods have been restated. 6 Region is based on booking office.



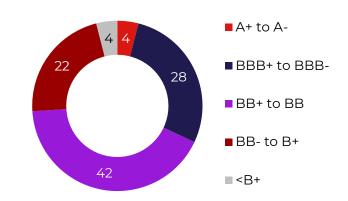
SECTORS IN FOCUS: COMMERCIAL PROPERTY – OFFICE; CONSTRUCTION

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY – OFFICE

	Sep-23 ³	Mar-24	Sep-24
TÇE (\$bn)	17.7	17.0	17.2
% of Group TCE	1.45	1.37	1.38
ending (\$bn)	14.9	14.9	15.0
Median risk grade S&P equivalent)	BB-	BB-	BB-
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	2.35	2.38	3.89
of portfolio mpaired ²	0.10	0.14	0.28

- Office exposure has reduced to 1.4% of Group TCE in Sep-24 from 2.1% in Sep-20
- Weighted towards premium, A & B grade office assets in major CBD locations
- Specialist property relationship teams manage all office exposures >\$10m TCE
- Tightened risk appetite settings for lower grade office assets since start of COVID-19

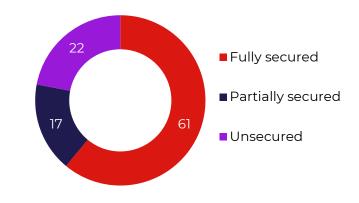
S&P EQUIVALENT RISK GRADE



CONSTRUCTION

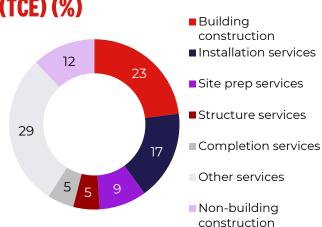
0	Sep-23 ³	Mar-24	Sep-24
TCE (\$bn)	12.9	13.1	13.7
% of Group TCE	1.06	1.05	1.10
Lending (\$bn)	7.6	7.6	8.3
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	6.85	5.75	4.93
% of portfolio impaired ²	0.61	0.62	0.72

PORTFOLIO SECURITY COMPOSITION (TCE) (%)



1 Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE. 3 Prior periods have been restated.

PORTFOLIO BY SUB-SECTOR (TCE) (%)

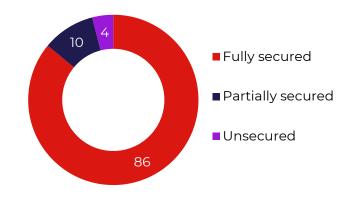




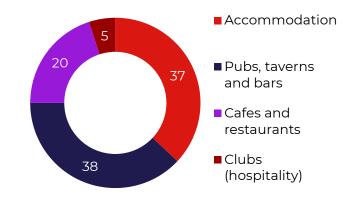
ACCOMMODATION, CAFES AND RESTAURANTS

	Sep-23 ³	Mar-24	Sep-24
TCE (\$bn)	10.8	11.5	11.7
% of Group TCE	0.89	0.93	0.94
Lending (\$bn)	9.2	9.8	10.2
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	3.70	3.75	4.08
% of portfolio mpaired ²	0.37	0.34	0.23

PORTFOLIO SECURITY COMPOSITION (TCE) (%)



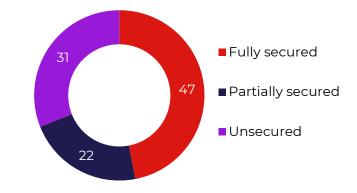
PORTFOLIO BY SUB-SECTOR (TCE) (%)



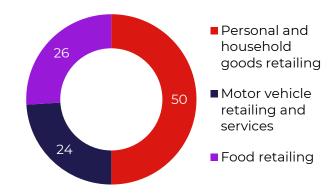
RETAIL TRADE

96	Sep-23 ³	Mar-24	Sep-24
TCE (\$bn)	12.8	12.0	12.4
% of Group TCE	1.05	0.97	0.99
Lending (\$bn)	8.4	7.6	8.5
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	3.65	4.71	6.05
% of portfolio impaired²	0.59	1.22	1.21

PORTFOLIO SECURITY COMPOSITION (TCE) (%)



PORTFOLIO BY SUB-SECTOR (TCE) (%)





¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE. 3 Prior periods have been restated.

SECTORS IN FOCUS: AGRICULTURE; MINING; MANUFACTURING

AGRICULTURE

	Sep- 23 ³	Mar- 24	Sep- 24
TCE (\$bn)	24.1	24.3	25.4
% of Group TCE	1.98	1.96	2.03
ending (\$bn)	20.7	20.7	22.1
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	4.62	5.18	5.03
of portfolio in impaired ²	0.18	0.26	0.48

MINING (INCL. OIL AND GAS)

	Sep- 23 ³	Mar- 24	Sep- 24
TCE (\$bn)	8.1	7.6	7.9
% of Group TCE	0.66	0.61	0.63
Lending (\$bn)	2.7	2.7	3.0
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	5.20	5.18	4.08
% of portfolio in impaired²	0.16	0.12	0.17

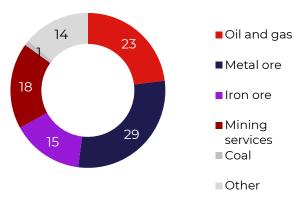
MANUFACTURING

	Sep- 23	Mar- 24	Sep- 24
TCE (\$bn)	24.7	25.4	25.4
% of Group TCE	2.03	2.05	2.03
Lending (\$bn)	12.1	12.1	12.7
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	3.11	3.11	4.11
% of portfolio in impaired²	0.42	0.57	0.90

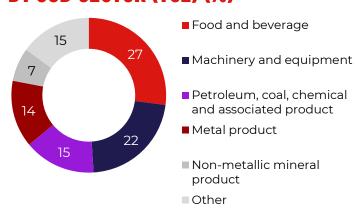
AGRICULTURE PORTFOLIO BY SUB-SECTOR (TCE) (%)



MINING PORTFOLIO BY SUB-SECTOR (TCE) (%)



MANUFACTURING PORTFOLIO BY SUB-SECTOR (TCE) (%)



1 Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE. 3 Prior periods have been restated.

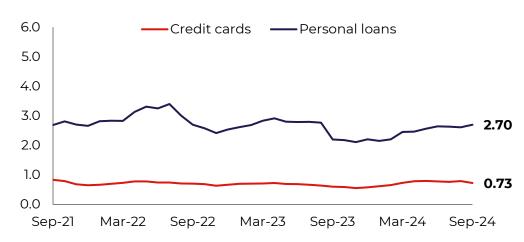


AUSTRALIAN CONSUMER FINANCE

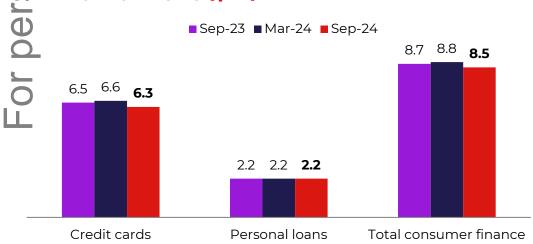
AUSTRALIAN CONSUMER FINANCE PORTFOLIO¹

	Sep-23	Mar-24	Sep-24
Tending (\$bn)	8.7	8.8	8.5
As a % of Group loans	1.1	1.1	1.1
30+ day delinquencies (%)	1.98	2.41	2.40
90+ day delinquencies (%)	1.01	1.17	1.23

AUSTRALIAN CONSUMER FINANCE 90+ DELINQUENCIES (%)



AUSTRALIAN CONSUMER FINANCE PORTFOLIO (\$BN)¹



CREDIT CARD ACCOUNTS PAYING MINIMUM REPAYMENT (%)²



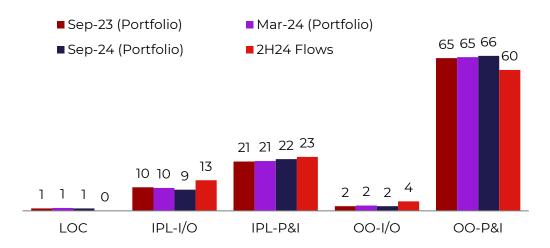
1 Excludes margin lending and auto finance (in runoff). 2 Minimum repayment over at least six consecutive months. Minimum repayment defined as <=5% of each months statement cycle balance.



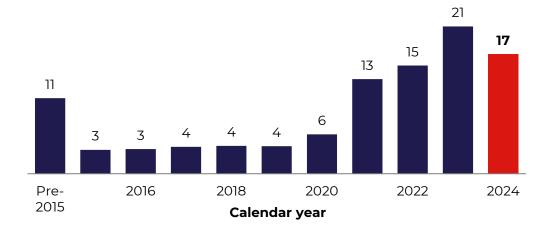
AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

Australian mortgage portfolio	Sep-23 balance	Mar-24 balance	-	2H24 flow ¹
Total portfolio (\$bn)	485.6	495.2	503.3	55.2
Owner occupied (OO) (%)	67.1	67.8	67.9	64.0
nvestment property loans (IPL) (%)	31.6	31.0	31.1	36.0
Portfolio loan/line of credit (LOC) (%)	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.0
Variable rate / Fixed rate (%)	76/24	85/15	91/9	99/1
nterest only (I/O) (%)	12.8	12.3	11.8	17.9
Proprietary channel (%)	50.8	49.4	48.2	36.4
First home buyer (%)	10.8	11.3	11.8	13.3
Mortgage insured (%)	13.1	12.6	11.7	4.5
	Sep-23	Mar-24	Sep-24	2H24 flow ¹
Average loan size² (\$'000)	301	309	319	521
Customers ahead on repayments including offset account balances (%)				
By accounts	79	80	83	
By balances	75	77	80	

BY PRODUCT AND REPAYMENT TYPE (%)



BY YEAR OF ORIGINATION (% OF TOTAL BOOK)

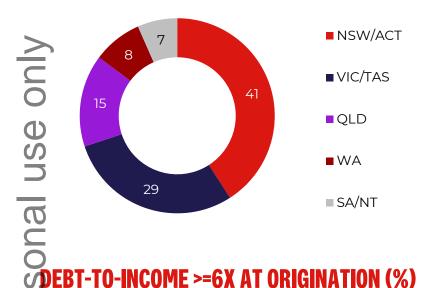


Charts may not add to 100 due to rounding.

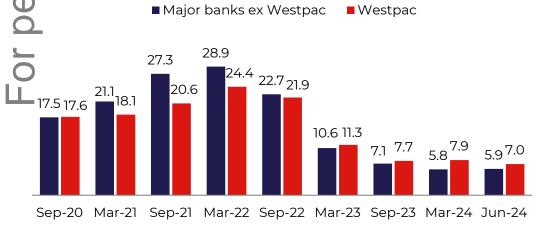
¹ Flow is new mortgages settled in the 6 months ended 30 September 2024. 2 Includes amortisation. Calculated at account level, where split loans represent more than one account.



PORTFOLIO BY STATE (%)

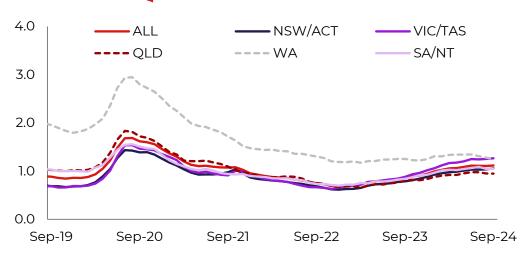


EBT-TO-INCOME >=6X AT ORIGINATION (%)



Source: APRA, Westpac. Charts may not add to 100 due to rounding.

90+ DAY DELINQUENCIES BY STATE (%)



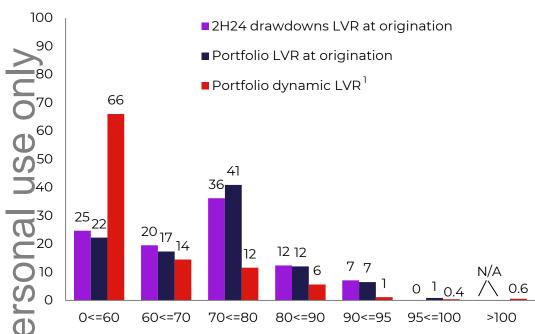
APPLICANT GROSS INCOME BAND (2H24 DRAWDOWNS, % BY APPROVED LIMITS)





AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO LOAN-TO-VALUE RATIOS (LVRS) AND OFFSET ACCOUNTS

LOAN-TO-VALUE RATIOS (%)



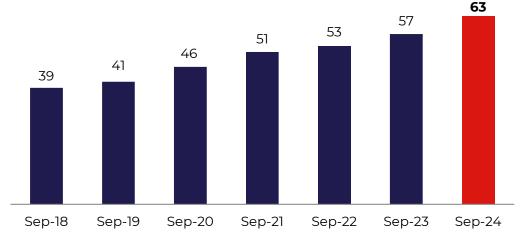
Australian mort	gage portfolio LVRs	Sep-23 balance	Mar-24 balance	Sep-24 balance
L	LVR at origination (%)	72	71	71
Weighted averages ²	Dynamic LVR ¹ (%)	50	49	49
	LVR of new loans ³ (%)	67	70	70

Charts may not add to 100 due to rounding

SERVICEABILITY ASSESSMENT CREATES A BUFFER FOR BORROWERS

- Loans are assessed at the higher of:
 - The customer rate, including any life-of-loan discounts, plus the serviceability buffer of 3.0%; or
 - The minimum assessment rate, called the "floor rate", currently 5.05%
- A serviceability buffer of 1.0% may be applied on an exceptions basis for certain customers seeking to refinance their loan, subject to eligibility criteria including LVR, bureau score and repayment amounts
- Interest only (I/O) loans: Assessed based on the residual principal and interest (P&I) term using the applicable P&I rate, plus a 3.0% buffer
- New fixed rate loans: Assessed on the variable rate to which the loan will revert after the fixed period, plus a buffer

OFFSET ACCOUNT BALANCES⁴ (\$BN)

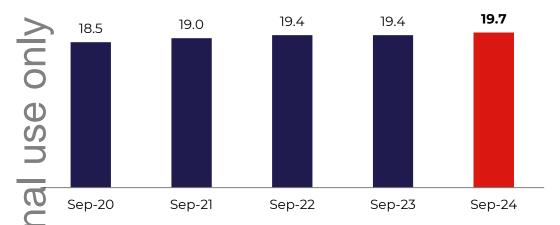


1 Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source CoreLogic. 2 Weighted average LVR calculation considers size of outstanding balances. 3 Average LVR of new loans is on rolling 6 months. 4 Includes RAMS from Sep-20 onwards.



BUFFER TO BALANCE RATIO¹ (%)

Buffer = Current Limit - Outstanding Balance + Offset Balance



CHANGES IN CUSTOMER BUFFERS¹ (%)

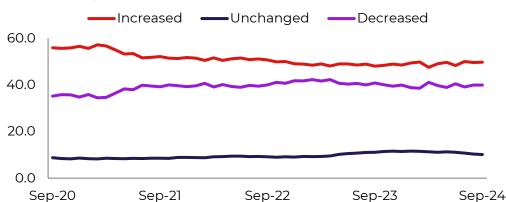
43

17

9

Sep-23

Owner-occupied variable rate customers change in buffer over 12 months (by balances)



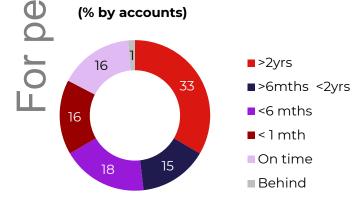
37

4

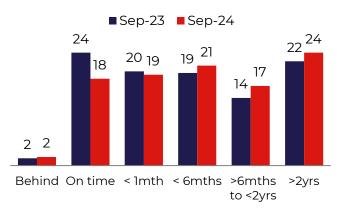
14

Sep-24

CUSTOMERS AHEAD ON REPAYMENTS²







Loans 'on time' and <1mth ahead

- Investment property loans

 (generally maintain higher balances for tax purposes)
- Accounts opened in the last 12 months
- Structural restrictions on repayments e.g. fixed rate
- Residual <1 month repayment buffer

Charts may not add due to rounding.

1 Excludes Line of Credit. Buffer equals the Current Limit less Outstanding Balance plus Offset Balance. 2 Customer loans ahead on payments exclude equity/line of credit products as there are no scheduled principal payments. Includes mortgage offset accounts. 'Behind' is more than 30 days past due. 'On time' includes up to 30 days past due. Measures of customers ahead on repayments for September 2023 have been restated to reflect changes in determining account limits when calculating prepayment amounts.

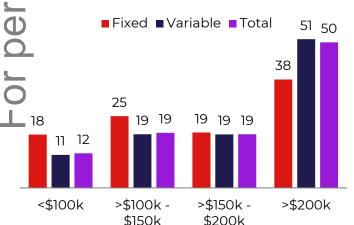
e only

- Approx. \$174bn of fixed-rate loans have expired or refinanced since 1 October 2021
- Fixed-rate loans are now 9% of the Australian mortgage portfolio and new flows are <1%
 - Average fixed period for the remaining fixed-rate portfolio is 3.4 years
 - \$20bn fixed rate loans expiring in 1H25, with an average fixed rate of approximately 2.8%1
 - Most remaining fixed rate borrowers are well placed to manage higher repayments
 - 51% also have a variable rate loan

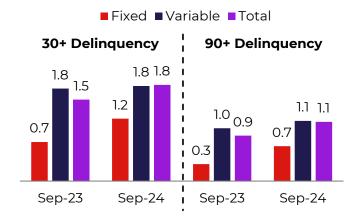
FIXED RATE MORTGAGE EXPIRY SCHEDULE (\$BN, FOR THE 6MTHS TO)



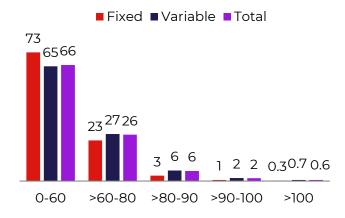
RTFOLIO BY INCOME BAND (%)



PORTFOLIO ARREARS (%)



PORTFOLIO BY DYNAMIC LVR3 (%)



Charts may not add to 100 due to rounding

1 On a balance weighted basis, 2 Scheduled expiry for 6 months to Sep-24 was \$31bn, Actual expiry \$28bn, 3 Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source CoreLogic.



AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO UNDERWRITING

CREDIT POLICY AT SEPTEMBER 2024

Income	 Verified via payslips, tax returns or salary credits, with other supporting documentation such as PAYG payment summaries or ATO Income Statements (minimum standards apply) Shading of at least 20% applies to less certain income sources i.e. overtime, bonuses
Credit Score & Credit Bureau	 Bespoke application scorecards segmented by new and existing customers Credit and score override rates tracked and capped Credit bureau checks required
Expenses	 Assessed as the higher of a borrower's declared expenses or HEM¹ comparable expenses plus any expenses that are not comparable to HEM (e.g. private school fees, life insurance) HEM is applied by income bands, post settlement postcode location, marital status and dependants 17 expense categories used, aligned with Melbourne Institute guidelines and LIXI standards
Serviceability assessment	For serviceability assessment, loans are assessed at the higher of: The customer interest rate, including any life-of-loan discounts, plus the serviceability buffer of 3.0%, or The minimum assessment rate, called the "floor rate", currently 5.05% • A serviceability buffer of 1.0% may be applied on an exceptions basis for certain customers seeking to refinance their loan, subject to eligibility criteria • For I/O loans, serviceability is assessed on a P&I basis over the residual term • New fixed rate loans assessed on the variable rate to which the loan will revert after fixed period, plus a buffer • All existing customer commitments are verified • Review Westpac Group accounts and Comprehensive Credit Reporting (CCR) to identify customer commitments • Limits apply to higher debt-to-income lending; >7x referred for manual credit assessment where LVR >80% • Credit card repayments assessed at 3.8% of limit or balance whichever is higher
Genuine savings deposit requirements	 Minimum 5% proof of genuine savings for higher LVR loans (typically LVR >90% or >80% for Home Guarantee Scheme Loans). Any Home Owner Grants are not considered genuine savings
Security	 LVR restrictions apply depending on location, property value and nature of security Restrictions on high-density apartments based in postcode defined areas, generally capital city CBD's and properties in towns heavily reliant on a single industry, e.g. mining, tourism
LMI	 Mortgage insurance for higher risk loans, such as LVRs >80%. Special package policy waivers apply for certain professionals and Westpac Group staff

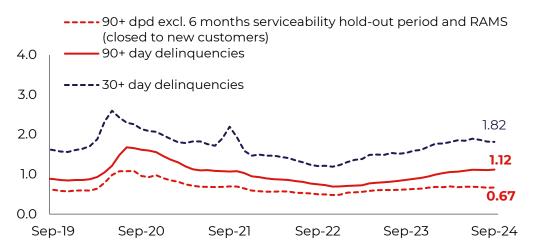
1 HEM is the Household Expenditure Measure, produced by the Melbourne Institute.



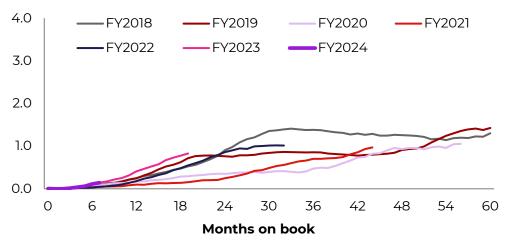
AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

	Australian mortgage portfolio	Sep-23	Mar-24	Sep-24
-	90+ day delinquencies (bps):			
>	Total portfolio ¹ inc. impaired mortgages	86	106	112
	Owner occupied loans	84	106	115
C	Investment property loans	85	99	99
(L)	Principal & interest loans	89	109	115
	Interest only loans	54	68	69
	First Home Buyers	99	119	120
	30+ day delinquencies total portfolio (bps)	154	181	182
S		Sep-23	Mar-24	Sep-24
Derso	Customers in hardship ² including 6mth serviceability period (by balances, bps)	Sep-23 71	Mar-24 105	Sep-24
Or Derso	including 6mth serviceability period	•		•
For perso	including 6mth serviceability period (by balances, bps) Consumer properties in possession	71	105	114
	including 6mth serviceability period (by balances, bps) Consumer properties in possession (number) Impaired mortgages	71 210	105	114
-	including 6mth serviceability period (by balances, bps) Consumer properties in possession (number) Impaired mortgages (by balances, bps) Mortgage losses net of insurance	71 210 6	105 190 7	114 201 10

30+ DAY AND 90+ DAY DELINQUENCIES (%)



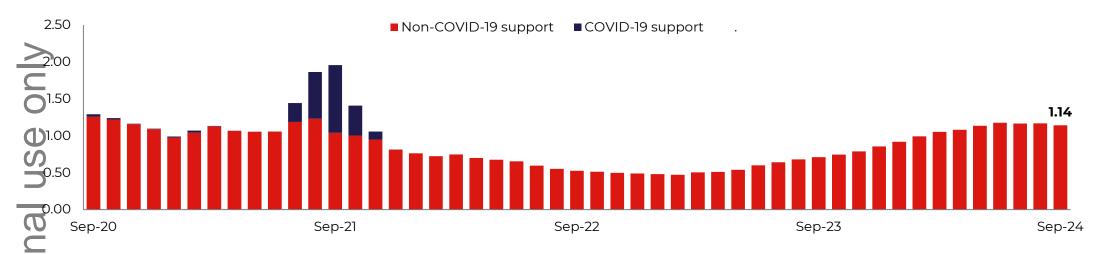
90+ DAY DELINQUENCIES BY VINTAGE (%)



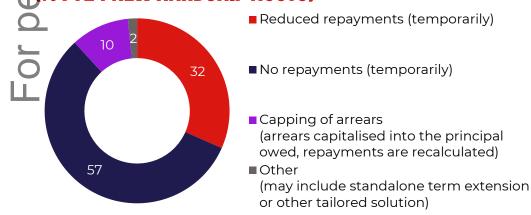
1 Total portfolio includes Line of Credit loans. 2 Financial hardship assistance is available to customers experiencing temporary financial difficulty, including changes in income due to illness, a relationship breakdown or natural disasters. Hardship assistance often takes the form of a reduction or deferral of repayments for a short period. 3 Mortgage loss rates for March balances are annualised, based on losses for the 6 months. Mortgage loss rates for September are actual losses for the 12 months ending.



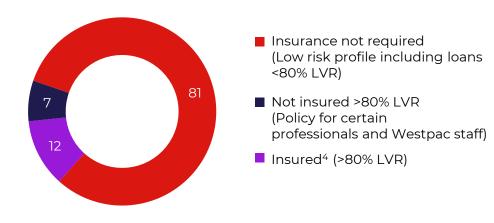
HARDSHIP¹ BALANCES (% OF PORTFOLIO)



HARDSHIP¹ BALANCES BY SUPPORT SOLUTION (% FY24 NEW HARDSHIP ACCTS)²



TOTAL PORTFOLIO BY INSURANCE PROFILE³ (%)



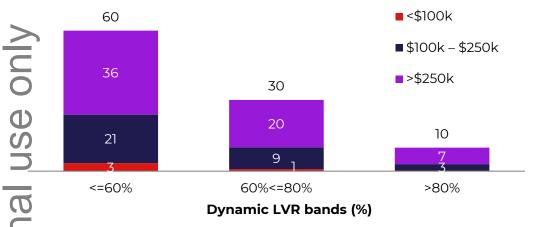
1 Financial hardship assistance is available to customers experiencing temporary financial difficulty, including changes in income due to illness, a relationship breakdown or natural disasters. 2 Charts may not add to 100 due to rounding. 3 In 2H21 Westpac Lender's Mortgage Insurance Limited was sold to Arch Capital Group. Westpac has entered into a 10-year exclusive supply agreement for Arch to provide lenders mortgage insurance to the Group. 4 Includes loans where LMI applies to >70% LVR loans, for example, single industry towns.



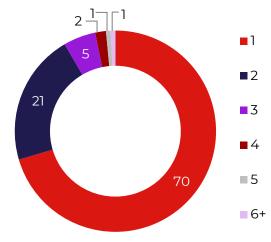
AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO INTEREST ONLY AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY LENDING

INTEREST ONLY (I/O) LENDING BY DYNAMIC LVR¹ AND INCOME BAND (% OF TOTAL I/O LENDING)

Applicant gross income bands



INVESTMENT PROPERTY PORTFOLIO BY NUMBER OF PROPERTIES PER CUSTOMER (%)



I/O portfolio \$59bn (12% of portfolio) at 30 September 2024 20 15 17 17 16 14

Investment property lending (IPL) portfolio			Mar-24	Sep-24
Investment property loans (\$bn)		153	153	157
	LVR of IPL loans at origination (%)	70	70	70
Weighted averages	LVR of new IPL loans in the period (%)	68	70	70
J	Dynamic LVR ¹ of IPL loans (%)	50	49	48
Average loa	an size³ (\$'000)	337	343	351
	ahead on repayments ffset accounts ⁴ (%)	65	67	70
90+ day delinquencies (bps)		85	99	99
Annualised	loss rate (net of insurance claims) (bps)	1.5	1.7	1.5

Charts may not add to 100 due to rounding. 1 Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source CoreLogic. 2 Based on outstanding balance. Excludes line of credit loans, I/O loans without date (including bridging loans and loans with construction purpose) and I/O loans that should have switched to P&I but for the previously announced mortgage processing error. 3 Includes amortisation. Calculated at account level where split loans represent more than one account. 4 Customer loans ahead on payments exclude equity/line of credit products as there are no scheduled principal payments.

10 Yrs+



3<4 Yrs

4<5 Yrs

5<10 Yrs

0<1 Yr

1<2 Yrs

2<3 Yrs

NEW ZEALAND CREDIT QUALITY

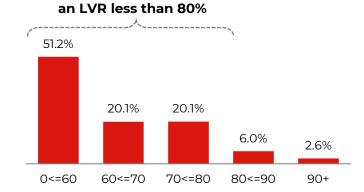
Mortgage portfolio	Sep-23	Sep-24
Total portfolio (NZ\$bn) ¹	65.8	68.0
Owner occupied (%)	74.1	74.4
Investment property Joans (IPL) (%)	25.9	25.6
Broker introduced (%)	51.9	53.8
Proprietary channel (%)	48.1	46.2
Fixed/ variable split (%)	91/9	89/11
Interest only (I/O) (%)	16.5	15.5
OLVR 80<=90	5.0	6.0
Loan to Value Ratio (LVR) >90%	2.4	2.6
Mortgage 90+ day delinquencies (%)	0.33	0.49
Mortgage 30+ day delinquencies (%)	0.71	0.96
Unsecured consumer portfolio (NZ\$bn)²	1.2	1.2
1 Mortgage portfolio indicates gross l	oans 2 linsor	cured consi



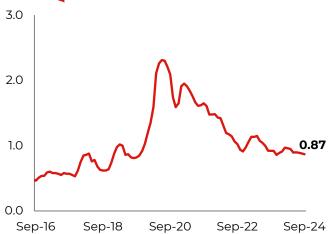


91% of mortgage portfolio has

MORTGAGE 90+ DAY



UNSECURED CONSUMER 90+ DAY DELINQUENCIES³ (%)



BUSINESS STRESSED EXPOSURES TO BUSINESS TCE (%)⁵



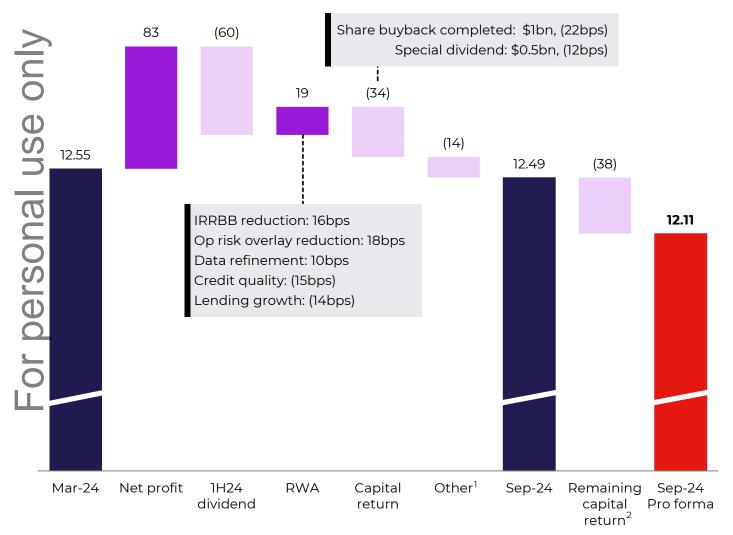
¹ Mortgage portfolio indicates gross loans. 2 Unsecured consumer portfolio indicates outstanding balance. 3 In May-19 we made changes to the reporting of customers in hardship to align to the method used by APRA. 4 LVR based on current loan property value at latest credit event. 5 Chart may not add due to rounding.





CAPITAL, FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY

LEVEL 2 CET1 CAPITAL RATIO MOVEMENTS (%, BPS)

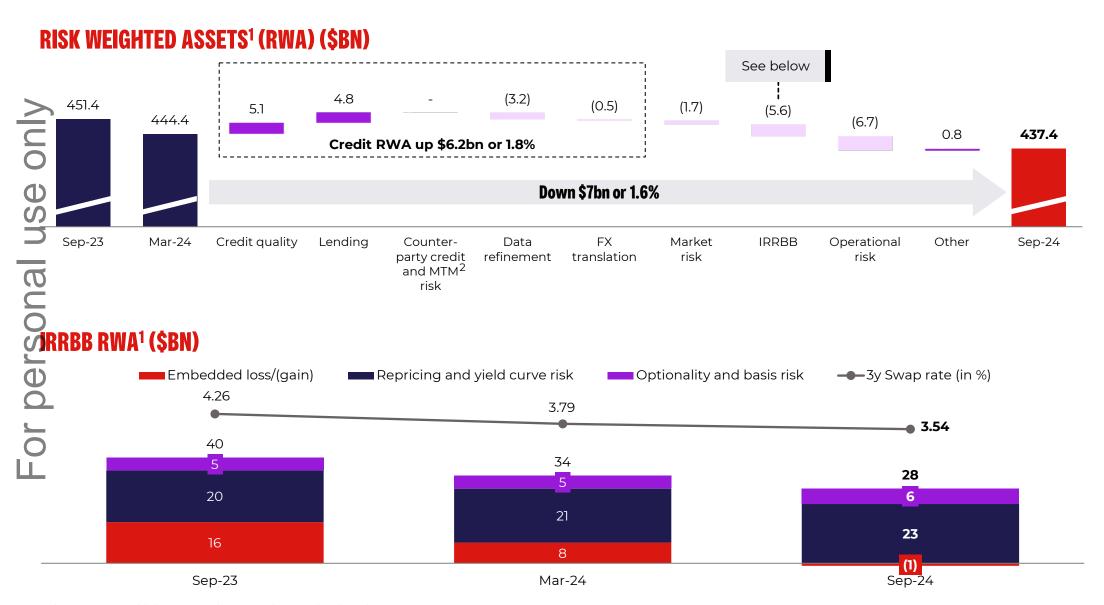


Key capital ratios (%)	Sep- 23	Mar- 24	Sep- 24	
Level 2 CETI capital ratio	12.4	12.5	12.5	
Additional Tier 1 capital ratio	2.2	2.5	2.3	
Tier 1 capital ratio	14.6	15.0	14.8	
Tier 2 capital ratio	5.9	6.4	6.6	
Total regulatory capital ratio	20.5	21.4	21.4	
Risk weighted assets (RWA) (\$bn)	451	444	437	
Leverage ratio	5.5	5.5	5.3	
Level 1 CETI capital ratio	12.6	12.8	12.7	
Internationally comparable ratios ³				

Leverage ratio (internationally	6.0	6.0	5.8
comparable)			
CETI capital ratio (internationally comparable)	18.7	18.6	18.3

1 Capital deductions and other items including FX translation impacts. 2 Includes on market share buyback extension of up to \$1bn and remaining on market share buyback announced in Nov-23 and May-24. 3 Internationally comparable methodology references the Australian Banking Association (ABA) study on the comparability of APRA's new capital framework and finalised reform released on 10 March 2023.





1 Chart may not add due to rounding. 2 Mark to market (MTM).



REGULATORY CAPITAL CHANGES

Implementation	Change	Details	Expected impact on the Group's capital ratios
Jan 2027 O(proposed)	Additional Tier 1 Capital	 In September 2024, APRA released a discussion paper outlining potential amendments to the prudential framework and is seeking feedback regarding the proposed removal of Additional Tier 1 capital Proposed changes will impact the CETI minimum, CETI buffers and T2 requirements 	-
1 Oct 2025 Expected to be	APS117 – IRRBB APS116 – Market Risk	 APRA released the final APS117 in July 2024, which will come into effect on 1 October 2025. The intention is to standardise aspects of the IRRBB capital to reduce volatility through time and variations between ADIs. APRA is yet to commence consultation on Fundamental Review of the Trading Book 	-
Jan 2024 and 1 Jan 2026	Loss Absorbing Capacity (LAC)	 Total capital ratio requirement: Current 16.75% 1 January 2026 18.25% 	1
Current and finalised by 1 Jul 2028	RBNZ Capital Review	• D-SIBs ¹ total capital requirements increasing to 18% by 1 July 2028. Includes Tier 1 capital requirement of 16% of which 13.5% must be CETI capital	1

This page contains 'forward looking statements'. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 120. 1 Domestically systemically important bank (D-SIB).



INTERNATIONALLY COMPARABLE CAPITAL RATIO RECONCILIATION¹

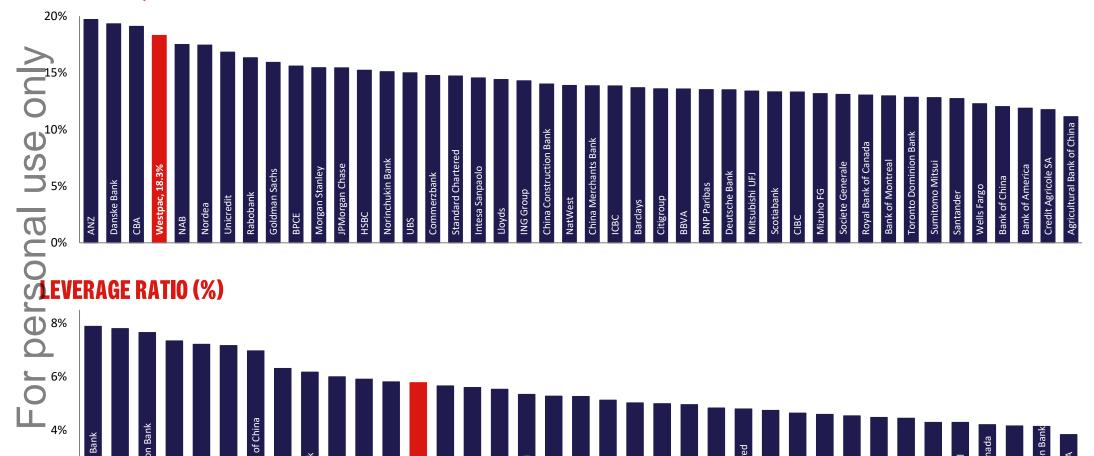
APRA's capital requirements are more conservative than those of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS), leading to lower reported capital ratios by Australian banks. The following details the adjustments and how Westpac's APRA CETI capital ratio aligns to an internationally comparable ratio:

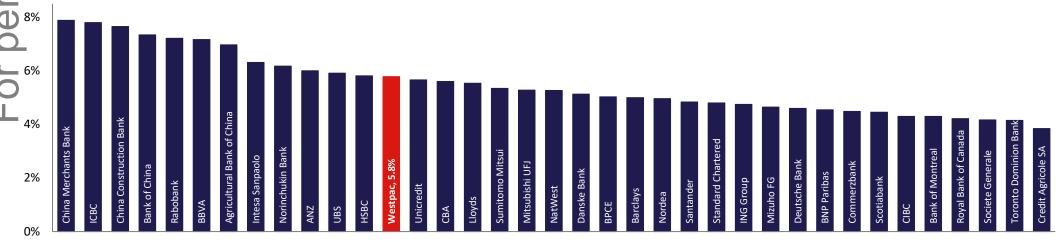
Westpac's CETI capital r	atio (APRA basis)	12.5
Equity investments	Balances below prescribed threshold are risk weighted, compared to a 100% CETI deduction under APRA's requirements	0.0
Deferred tax assets	Balances below prescribed threshold are risk weighted, compared to a 100% CETI deduction under APRA's requirements	0.6
Capitalised expenses	APRA requires these items to be deducted from CETI. The BCBS only requires exposures classified as intangible assets under relevant accounting standards to be deducted from CETI	0.7
Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)	APRA requires capital to be held for IRRBB. The BCBS does not have a Pillar 1 capital requirement for IRRBB	1.1
RWA scaling factor	APRA applies a scaling factor to all Advanced IRB ² credit RWAs. The BCBS does not apply this scalar	0.9
Property finance	APRA applies an additional scaling factor to property finance RWA. The BCBS does not apply this scalar	0.4
Residential mortgages	APRA applies scaling factors to mortgage RWAs for higher risk segments such as interest only and investor mortgages and applies a standardised risk weight to certain mortgages. The BCBS does not apply this treatment	1.8
Non-retail Loss Given Pefault (LGD)	Non-retail LGD's under the Foundation IRB (F-IRB) and Advanced IRB approaches differ from the BCBS	(0.3)
New Zealand	APRA requires New Zealand RWAs to be largely calculated in accordance with the RBNZ rules. The RBNZ rules are more conservative than BCBS	0.6
Internationally compara	ble CETI capital ratio	18.3
nternationally compara	ble Tier 1 capital ratio	21.3
Internationally compara	ble total regulatory capital ratio	29.9

1 Internationally comparable methodology references the ABA study on the comparability of APRA's new capital framework and finalised reform released on 10 March 2023. 2 Internal ratings-based approach (IRB).



COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 RATIO¹ (%)



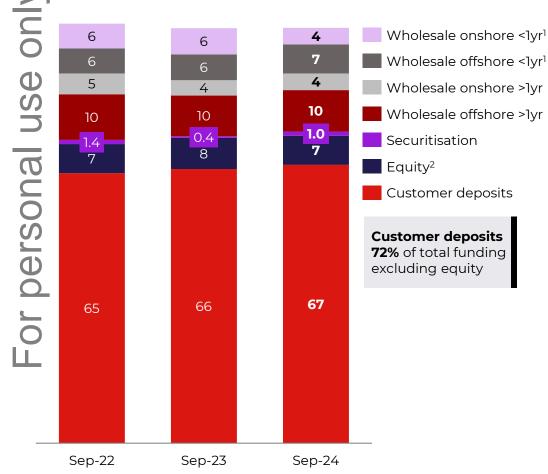


1 Comparison group comprises listed commercial banks with assets in excess of A\$700bn and which have disclosed fully implemented Basel III ratios or provided enough to estimate. Based on company reports/presentations. Ratios are at 30 June 2024, except for National Australia Bank and ANZ which are at 31 March 2024, Bank of Montreal, Toronto Dominion Bank, Royal Bank of Canada, CIBC and Scotiabank which are at 31 July 2024, and Westpac which is at 30 September 2024. Where accrued expected dividends have been deducted and disclosed, these have been added back for comparability. US banks are excluded from leverage ratio analysis due to business model differences, for example from loans sold to US Government sponsored enterprises. NAB has not disclosed an internationally comparable leverage ratio since September 2017 and has therefore been excluded.

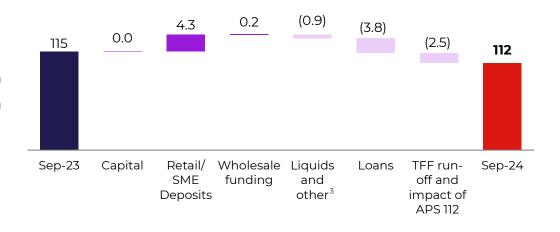


FUNDING BY RESIDUAL MATURITY (%)

- Focus on stable funding sources
- Customer deposits provide 67% of total funding, or 72% excluding equity



NET STABLE FUNDING RATIO (%)



CUSTOMER DEPOSITS AND NET LOANS (\$BN)



Charts may not add to 100 due to rounding

1 Includes long term wholesale funding with a residual maturity less than or equal to 1 year. 2 Equity excludes FX translation, available-for-sale securities and cash flow hedging reserves. 3 Other includes derivatives and other assets.



LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (LCR)

LCR (\$BN)

September 2024 quarterly average 133%

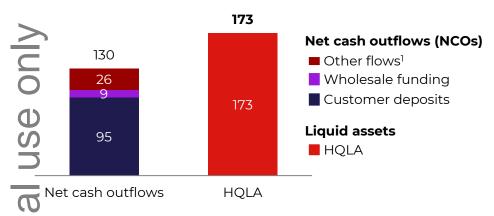
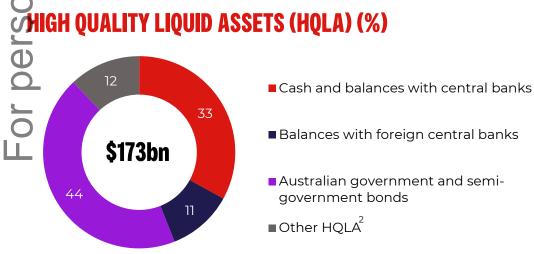


Chart does not add due to rounding



MOVEMENT IN LCR (%)

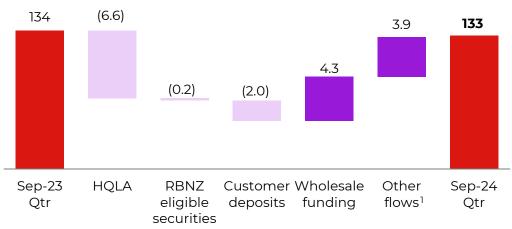
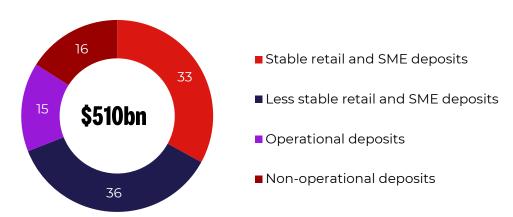


Chart does not add due to rounding

LCR DEPOSIT MIX (%)



1 Other flows include credit and liquidity facilities, collateral outflows and inflows from customers. 2 Other HQLA includes securities issued by foreign sovereigns and repo-eligible qualifying assets in foreign jurisdictions, including RBNZ eligible securities.



PROPOSED CHANGES TO CAPITAL

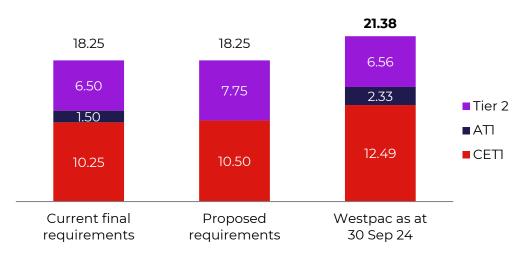
 On 10 September 2024, APRA released a discussion paper outlining proposed changes to the capital framework for banks

Under APRA's proposal to phase out the use of ATI capital instruments, IRB banks, including Westpac, would be required to replace the current 1.5% of ATI capital with 0.25% of CETI capital and 1.25% of Tier 2 capital.

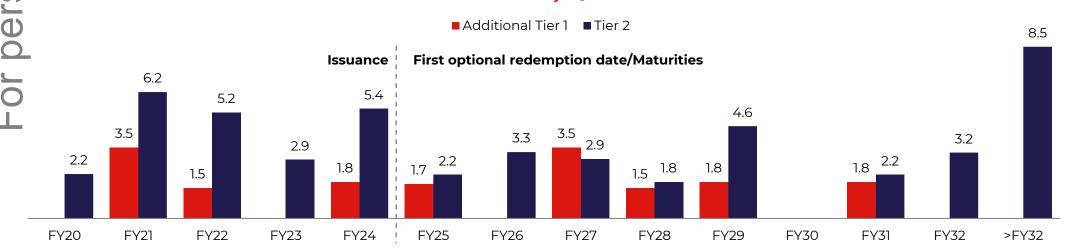
Changes to capital requirements are proposed to come into effect from 1 Jan 2027. ATI instruments are eligible to be included as Tier 2 capital until their first call date, with all existing ATI instruments to be phased out by 2032.

Westpac expects the replacement of ATI securities with Tier 2 securities over the transition period to be manageable, should the proposal be implemented in its current form¹

TOTAL CAPITAL



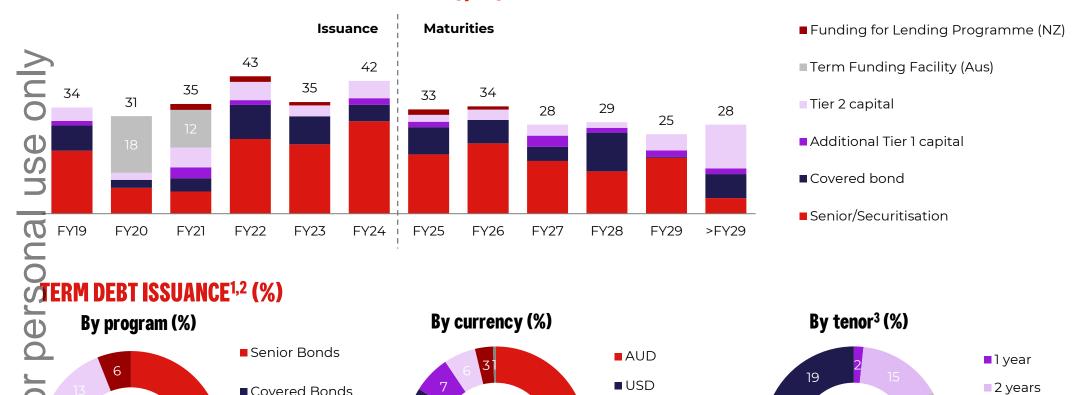
ADDITIONAL TIER 1 AND TIER 2 PROFILE^{1,2} (NOTIONAL AMOUNT, A\$BN)



1 This page contains 'forward looking statements'. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 120. 2 Represents A\$ equivalent notional amount using spot FX translation at date of issue for issuance and spot FX translation at 30 September 2024 for redemptions/maturities. Securities in bullet format profiled to maturity date. Securities in callable format profiled to first call date. Any early redemption would be subject to prior written approval from APRA, which may or may not be provided.



TERM DEBT ISSUANCE AND MATURITY PROFILE¹ (\$BN)



1 Based on residual maturity and FX spot currency translation. Includes all debt issuance with contractual maturity greater than 13 months excluding US Commercial Paper and Yankee Certificates of Deposit. Contractual maturity date for Additional Tier 1 capital instruments and callable Tier 2 capital instruments is the first scheduled conversion date or call date for the purposes of this disclosure. Any early redemption would be subject to prior written approval from APRA, which may or may not be provided. Maturities exclude securitisation amortisation. 2 Charts may not add due to rounding. Data excludes Term Funding Facility and Funding for Lending Program. 3 Excludes securitisation.

35

49

EUR

GBP

■ NZD

■ Other



■3 years

■ 4 years

■5 years

■ >5 years

6

48

Additional Tier 1

Capital

64

■ Tier 2 Capital

■ Securitisation

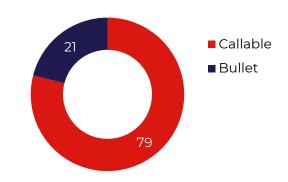
12

LOSS-ABSORBING CAPACITY (LAC)

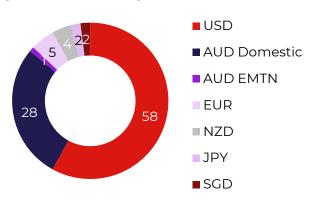


TIER 2 CAPITAL SECURITIES OUTSTANDING (%)

Tier 2 outstanding by format¹ (notional amount)



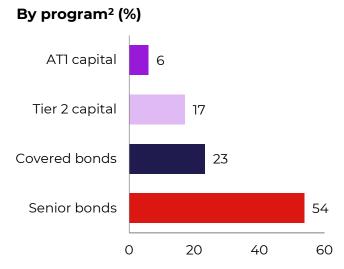
Tier 2 outstanding by currency¹ (notional amount)

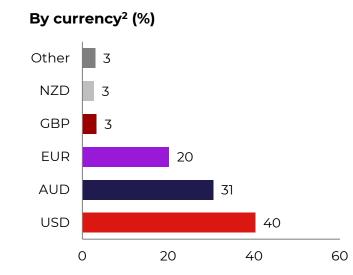


INDICATIVE WHOLESALE FUNDING COSTS (SPREAD ABOVE 3MTH BBSW)



LONG TERM WHOLESALE FUNDING BACK BOOK (%)





1 Includes Westpac New Zealand Limited (WNZL). WNZL Tier 2 does not count for APRA Tier 2 or LAC requirements. Represents A\$ equivalent notional amount using spot FX translation at 30 September 2024 for redemptions/maturities. Securities in bullet format profiled to maturity date. Securities in callable format profiled to first call date. Any early redemption would be subject to prior written approval from APRA, which may or may not be provided. 2 Back book data excludes securitisation and FLP.





SUPPORTING OUR CUSTOMERS

#1 MOBILE BANKING APP1

personal use only.

COMPREHENSIVE FUNCTIONALITY

 Best in class Money Movement and account management¹

Bespoke loyalty offers with ShopBack

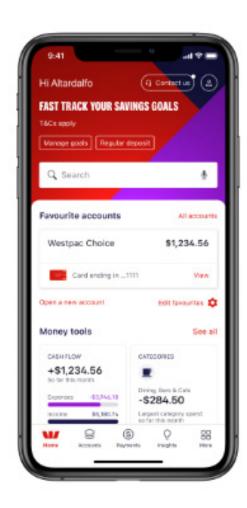
Best overall loyalty program² with integrated rewards including Pay with Points

SEAMLESS USER EXPERIENCE

Empowering self-service features including dispute a transaction with digital status tracking

Push notification and secure messaging for account management

- Drag and drop functionality for quick, intuitive transfers
- Natural language search, powered by AI personalisation



SAFE AND SECURE³

- Proactive fraud and scam prevention including Westpac SaferPayTM
- Enhanced protection from payment redirection scams and mistaken payments with Westpac Verify
- Embedded security with biometric authentication and safety education prompts
- Fraud alerts via push notification

INSIGHTFUL MONEY MANAGEMENT

- Personalised budgeting features including Bills Calendar
- Savings Finder helps identify bills or subscriptions to reduce or cancel
- Comprehensive financial management solutions such as Net Worth view and Financial Wellbeing
- Money smarts for children with weekly spend limit, pocket money, card lock and parental controls

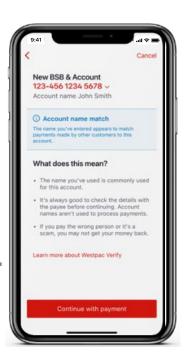
1 The Forrester Digital Experience Review: Australian Mobile Banking Apps, Q3 2024. 2 Westpac Rewards received the award for Best Overall Loyalty Program in Financial Services at the 2023/2024 Asia Pacific Loyalty Awards. 3 Westpac's systems and processes may not always be 100% effective and are subject to risks and other factors including those described in 'Risk Management' in the 2024 Annual Report and 2024 Risk Factors.



EVOLVING OUR DIGITAL BANKING EXPERIENCE

FRAUD & SCAMS

Westpac Verify, Westpac SaferPay™ and Dynamic CVC expansion¹



Supporting customers against potential scams

MONEY MANAGEMENT

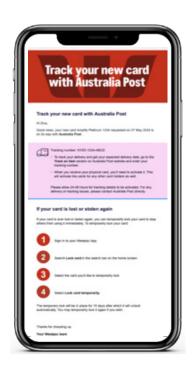
Savings Goals & Financial Wellbeing



>1 million customers used money management features²

SERVICING & ONBOARDING

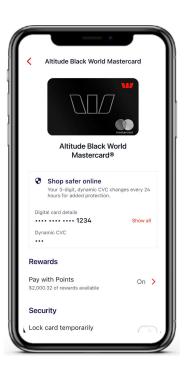
Enhanced digital request for Card Reissue with live tracking³



Empowering customers to digitally self-serve

PAYMENTS & TRANSACTIONS

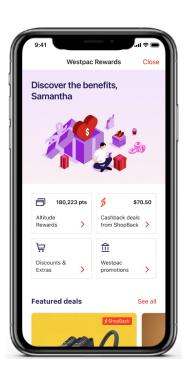
Pay With Points



Australian first with >1 billion points redeemed4

LOYALTY & REWARDS

New Westpac Rewards Hub to explore, redeem & track rewards



Bringing customers loyalty & rewards needs into a new digital experience

1 Includes expansion of SaferPay to Business and expansion of Dynamic CVV to St.George, Bank SA & BOM. 2 In the 90 days to Sept-24. 3 For consumer credit card customers. 4 Since launch in Jun-24.



personal

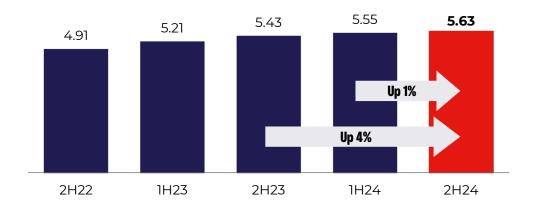
CUSTOMERS CONTINUE TO MIGRATE TO DIGITAL

DIGITAL ACTIVITY¹ Transactions (#m) → Customers (#m) 6.02 5.92 5.80 5.48 5.64 429 412 395 372 356 **Up 4% Up 9%** 2H22 2H24 1H23 2H23 1H24 GITAL SALES^{1,2} Sales (#m) → Sales (%) 50 51 43 44 43 0.52 0.51 0.47 0.44 0.37 **Up 2% Up 11%**

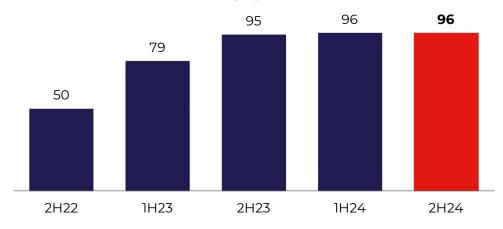
1 Refer to pg. 118 for definitions. 2 Consumer only.

1H23

AVERAGE APP SESSIONS PER DAY¹ (#M)



MORTGAGES PROCESSED ON DIGITAL ORIGINATION PLATFORM (%)





2H22

2H23

1H24

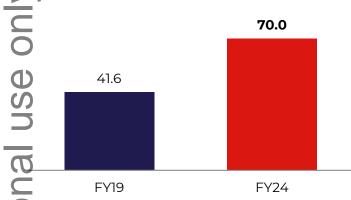
2H24

PROVIDING CASH SERVICES FOR AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMERS

CHANGING CUSTOMER PREFERENCES

Digital payments have increased by 68%

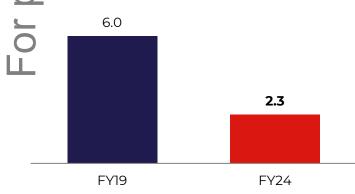
#M, Avg. # of Monthly Transactions



29% of ATM withdrawals are performed by non-Westpac customers, at no fee

Westpac ATM withdrawals have reduced by 62% since 2019

#M, Avg. # of Monthly Withdrawals



Customers can also transact in cash at over **3,400 locations through Bank@Post** as part of our Australia

Post partnership

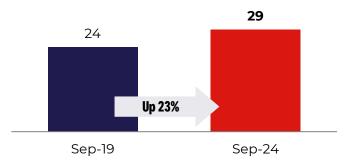
Westpac customers have access to

Australia's **largest fee-free** ATM network at over ~6,600 ATMs¹

Westpac spent **~\$330m** as part of our commitment to providing Australians access to cash

INVESTING IN SUPPORTING CASH SERVICES

Westpac ATMs used by other financial institution customers (%)



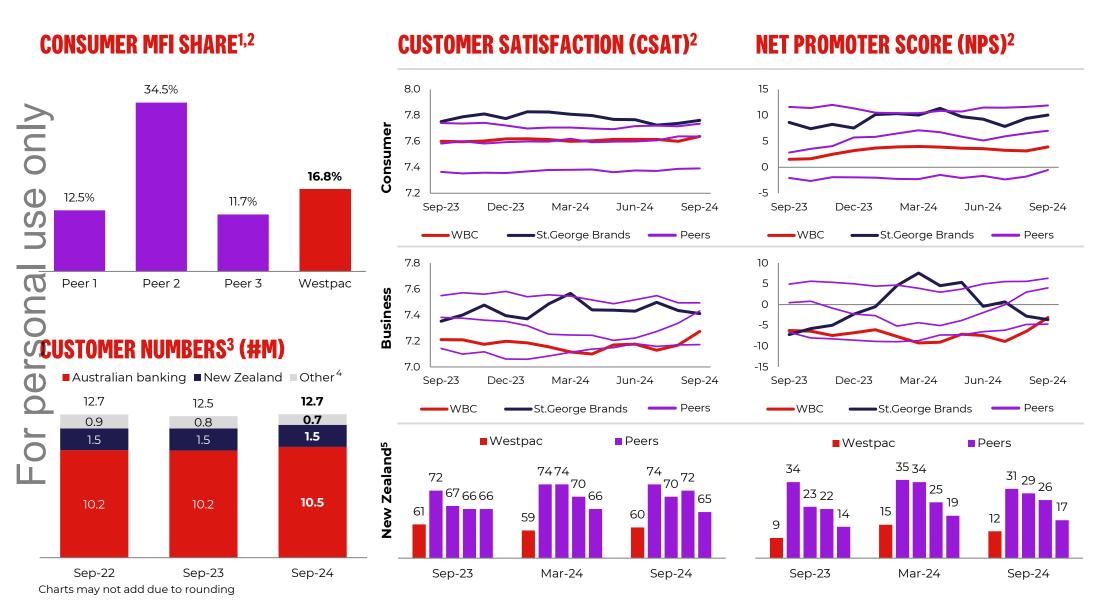
COST OF PROVIDING CASH SERVICES

~\$330 million

Including the collaborative agreement to support Armaguard to maintain cash availability in the community



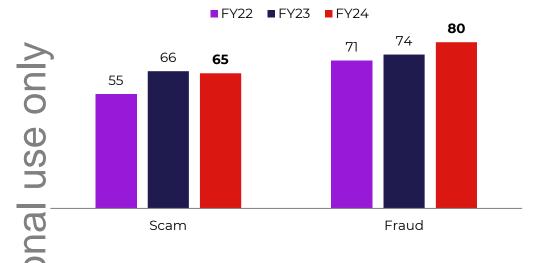




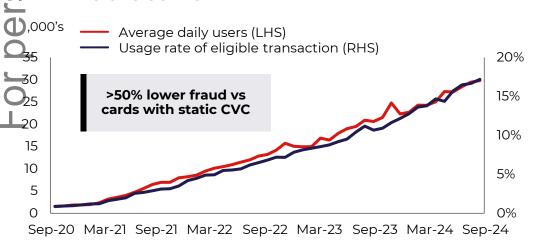
1 Main Financial Institution for Consumer customers. 2 For further details on metric provider see page 118. 3 Customer numbers have been restated. Customers related to businesses sold, held for sale or in runoff at Sep-24 have been excluded from all periods. 4 Other includes WIB, Westpac Pacific and Platforms customers. 5 New Zealand Consumer. Refer to page 118.



SCAM AND DIGITAL FRAUD DETECTION (%)²



DYNAMIC CVC USERS³



FY24 SNAPSHOT

Customer reported scam losses 29% lower compared to FY23

SaferPay launched **helping protect** customers from scams

Top scams driving customer losses:

investment, business email compromise, romance, threat & penalty and remote access

Launched scam-safe accord with other Australian banks

1 Westpac's systems and processes may not always be 100% effective and are subject to risks and other factors including those described in 'Risk Management' in the 2024 Annual Report and 2024 Risk Factors. 2 Detection rate indicates the percentage of cases Westpac triggers alerts for. 3 Monthly average.



IN PARTNERSHIP WITH OPTUS, WESTPAC IS LAUNCHING WESTPAC SAFECALL



FEATURES

Registered customers will receive verified branded in-app calls

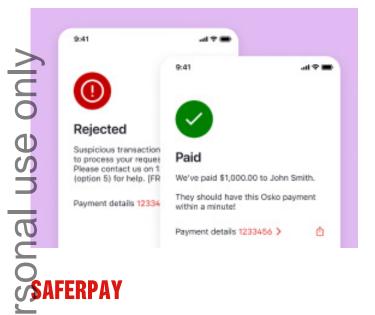
Boosting customer trust and helping reduce scams and fraud

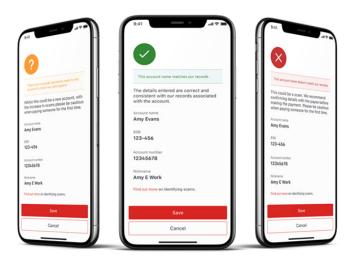
Market leading in Australia

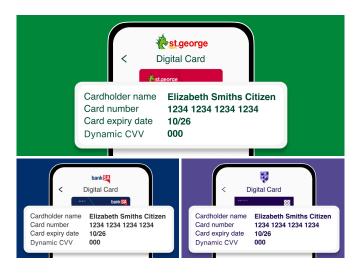
Westpac Safecall is currently being Piloted by Westpac Staff. Westpac's systems and processes may not always be 100% effective and are subject to risks and other factors including those described in 'Risk Management' in the 2024 Annual Report and 2024 Risk Factors.



ENHANCING BANKING PROTECTION FOR CUSTOMERS







Prompts customers to provide more information for high scam risk transactions

Identifies potential scams using Artificial Intelligence

High scam risk transactions blocked

- Challenged over 200k transfers; customers abandoned \$150m in payments
- Averted \$40m in customer scam losses in FY24

VERIFY

- Pavee name verification
- Alerts customers to potential scams through risk indicators when adding new payees in digital banking
- Prevents more than 400 "fat-finger"/error payments per day
- Averted \$1.7m in customer scam losses since launching in June 2024

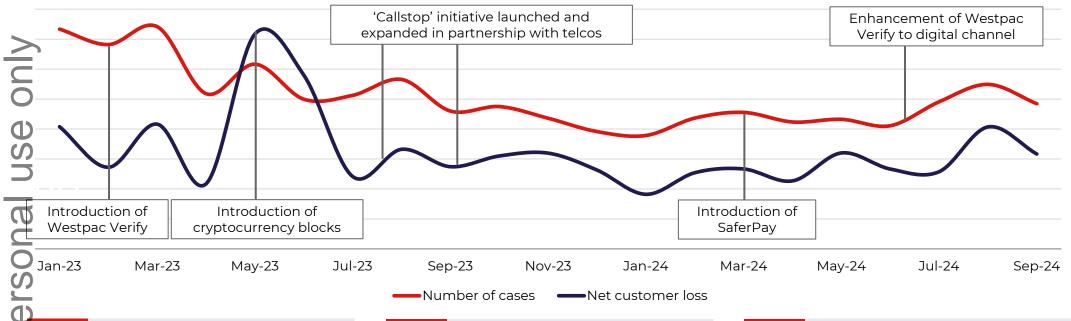
DYNAMIC CVC – ALL BRANDS

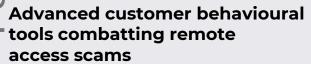
- Distribution of dynamic CVC across St.George, BSA & BOM
- Generates new CVC every 24 hours
- ~50% lower fraud than a static CVC.
- Average daily users ~29.8k
- Usage rate of eligible transactions 17%

Westpac's systems and processes may not always be 100% effective and are subject to risks and other factors including those described in 'Risk Management' in the 2024 Annual Report and 2024 Risk Factors.



INVESTED OVER \$100M IN DETECTION AND PREVENTION MEASURES SINCE FY21, SAVING CUSTOMERS OVER \$630M IN FRAUD AND SCAM LOSSES





Saved customers \$30m in averted scam losses FY24



Biometric onboarding reduces identity theft, fraud and promotes digital usage

Saved \$15m in averted fraud losses in FY24



Real-time blocking of questionable online merchants

Saved \$117m for 1.2 million customer scam incidences in FY24

Westpac's systems and processes may not always be 100% effective and are subject to risks and other factors including those described in 'Risk Management' in the 2024 Annual Report and 2024 Risk Factors.



CUSTOMERS SYSTEM SECURITY DATA

MONITORING, CYBER INTELLIGENCE & PEER NETWORKS

EMPLOYEES

Controls underpin who we hire; how we grant access; and how we monitor system use

CUSTOMERS

Dedicated controls to help protect customers from fraud, including multi-factor authentication

SUPPLIERS

Security reviews, limited access to systems and data, and continual performance monitoring

CORE SECURITY

Core security capabilities across all systems, e.g. malware prevention, firewalls, email security

SYSTEM SECURITY

Integrated approach to security of our systems, e.g. design reviews, patching and secure development

MONITORING, INTELLIGENCE AND NETWORKS

24/7 monitoring of attacks and control weaknesses. Threat detection supported by cyber threat intelligence and information sharing partnerships

No system can be 100% effective, systems are susceptible to human error and significant third-party risks. Cyber threats are continually evolving. Information should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report FY24 pages 25 and 46.



SUSTAINABILITY The solution of the solution o

Creating better futures together **OUR PURPOSE PILLAR Expert Advocate** Customer **Easy** Support in good **Action on climate Equitable and** Simpler, safer bank inclusive society times and bad and nature 5 **Enhance financial** Strengthen data **Enable Become Become** Respect **JECTIVES** inclusion security and a nature and advance diversity a net-zero, and equality protection climate positive human rights and inclusion resilient bank bank

CLIMATE ACTION

Net-zero, climate resilient operations

Supporting customer's transition to net-zero and to build their climate resilience

Collaborate for impact on initiatives towards net-zero and climate resilience

2024 Annual Report



2024 Climate Report



2024 Sustainability Index and Datasheet



Human Rights Position
Statement and Action Plan



Other sustainability positions and disclosures include

Modern Slavery Statement

2023 Natural Capital Position Statement

New Zealand – Sustainability and Climate Reports

Sustainable Finance Framework

2024 Climate Methodologies Supplement

These sustainability pages contain 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation reflecting Westpac's current views on future events. They are subject to change without notice and certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions which are, in many instances, beyond its control. Please refer to the disclaimer at the back of this pack. Details on our commitments, targets and other supporting information is in our 2024 Annual Report, Climate Report and Sustainability Index and Datasheet. See website for more information on our sustainability strategy

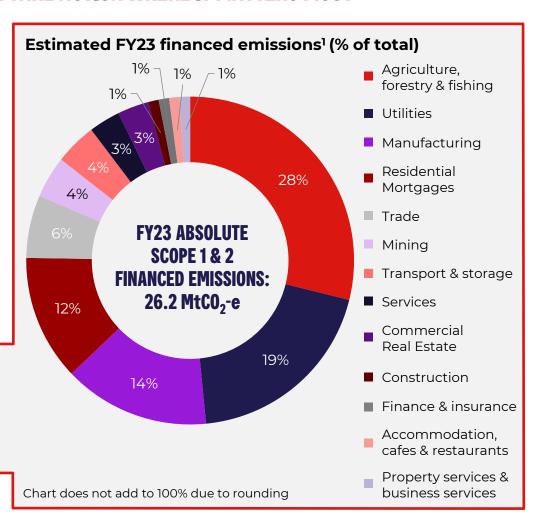




OUR CARBON FOOTPRINT

WE MUST UNDERSTAND OUR CARBON FOOTPRINT SO WE CAN TAKE ACTION WHERE IT MATTERS MOST

Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by source (tCO ₂ -e)	FY23	FY24	% of total
Scope 1: Direct emissions from controlled facilities, including fleet fuels, refrigerants, gas, diesel, LPG.	6,559	6,262	<0.1
Scope 2: Indirect emissions market-based) from the generation of energy we have purchased, including purchased electricity.	ີ 14,489	2,303	<0.1
Ondirect emissions related to selected sources from our operations and supply chain.	61,044	57,655	<0.5
Scope 3 financed emissions: Indirect emissions related to our lending. Share of customers' scope 1 & 2 emissions.	26.2 MtCO₂-e	Not Reported	>99



Refer to our Climate Methodologies Supplement for details of the methodologies for estimating our operational emissions and our Group financed emissions.

1 Sectors in our financed emissions analysis are based on ANZSIC codes. These sector definitions differ from those used for: (i) our 2030 emission reduction targets in line with our NZBA commitment; and, (ii) our reporting of Group Exposure by Sector included in our Climate Report and Sustainability Index and Datasheet.



OUR CLIMATE TARGETS

PROGRESS ON OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS TARGETS¹

Reduction in emissions from 2021 baseline (%)	FY23	FY24	2025 Target	2030 Target	Progress
Scope 1 and 2 emissions (market-based)	(66)	(86)	(64)	(76)	Surpassed 2030 target
Scope 3 (upstream) emissions	(38)	(41)	NA	(50)	On track for 2030 target

PROGRESS ON OUR NZBA SECTOR TARGETS²

3 targets in all 9 NZBA emissions-intensive sectors

Change in emissions from baseline year³ (%)

Westpac sector	FY22	FY23	2030 Target Implied % change	
Power generation	(12)	(23)	(62)	
Cement production	0	(5)	(14)	
Upstream Oil and Gas	(18)	(45)	(23)	
Thermal coal mining	(23)	(81)	(100)	
Aviation (passenger aircraft operators)	(18)	(45)	(60)	
Steel production	Circon the appeal in unabay of			
Aluminium	Given the small number of c	customers, our target %, baseline, and	i progress are not disclosed.	
commercial Real Estate (Offices)	n/a	(18)	(59)	
Residential Real Estate (Australia)	n/a	(11)	(56)	
Australia Beef and Sheep	4	4	(9)	
Australia Dairy	(7)	(8)	(10)	
New Zealand Beef and Sheep	(1)	(4)	(9)	
New Zealand Dairy	4	(7)	(10)	

¹ For further details on our operational emissions and targets, see our Sustainability Index and Datasheet. 2 For further details on our NZBA sector targets, refer to our 2024 Climate Report and 2024 Climate Methodologies Supplement. 3 Baseline year for Commercial Real Estate and Residential Real Estate is 2022. Baseline year for Aluminium is 2023. Baseline year for all other NZBA sector targets is 2021.

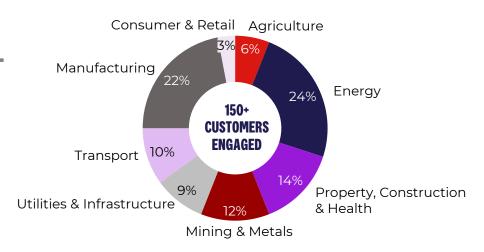


2070 Target

FY24 HIGHLIGHTS

- Engaged with 150+ institutional customers on their climate transition plans.
- Engaged over 120 business customers in the Commercial Real Estate sector to identify opportunities to support their progress.
- Discussing the requirements of our Sustainable Farm Loan with New Zealand agricultural customers.
- Explaining how we are considering natural capital.

NSTITUTIONAL CUSTOMERS ENGAGED ON CLIMATE TRANSITION PLANS BY SECTOR (%)



INSTITUTIONAL ENGAGEMENT CONTINUED



- 84% of customers had a public climate transition plan.
- 16% of customers without public climate transition plans were private companies.

WHERE CUSTOMERS HAD A PUBLIC CLIMATE TRANSITION PLAN, FINDINGS FROM OUR TRANSITION PLAN ASSESSMENTS INCLUDED



- 66% had long-term net-zero GHG targets covering at least scope 1 and 2.
- Challenges in setting longer term targets include uncertainties around grid decarbonisation, industry policies and availability of low-carbon fuels.

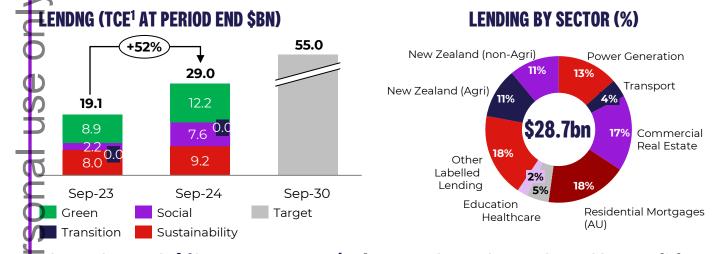


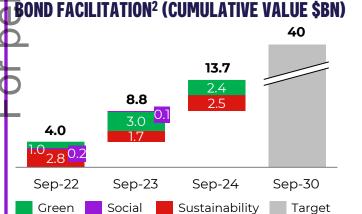
- 92% had interim (approx 5-10 year) scope 1 and 2
 GHG targets.
- Around 40% of customers have set an interim (approx 5-10 year) scope 3 GHG target.



BECOMING THE TRANSITION PARTNER OF CHOICE

Our **Sustainable Finance Framework** (Framework) defines how we classify sustainable finance transactions as Green, Transition, Social or Sustainability. The Framework was accompanied by new 2030 targets for lending and bond facilitation.







FY24 HIGHLIGHTS

- Supported the Australian Office of Financial Management as Joint Lead Manager, with their 10-year \$7bn Green Treasury Bond.
- Launched Sustainable Upgrades Home and Investors Loan – for energy efficient or climate resilient upgrades.
- Joined the Housing Australia Home Guarantee Scheme, writing \$5bn in loans.
- 43% of NZ agribusiness term lending now on sustainable loans encouraging farm sustainability and resilience.
- Launched Sustainable Equipment Finance Loan in NZ, to help purchase more efficient and sustainable equipment.

OTHER CLIMATE-RELATED OPPORTUNITIES³

- Expanded financing of renewable energy to 87% of our lending to electricity generation.
- Provided \$53m for 1,198 loans for EV/Hybrid vehicles in Australia.
- Westpac NZ awarded the INFINZ 2024 Corporate ESG Award.

1 TCE is the sum of the committed direct lending and other committed facilities. For this purpose, TCE excludes pre settlement risks, secondary market trading and underwriting committed exposures. Sustainable Finance TCE that qualify for our targets must meet the requirements of our Sustainable Finance Framework - available on our website. 2 Bond facilitation target and progress is measured as the cumulative sum of our proportionate share of qualifying bonds facilitated from 1 Oct-21. 3 Includes green, social, sustainability loans that have not been assessed under our Sustainable Finance Framework.



STRENGTHENING GENDER DIVERSITY

FEMALES %	SEP-24	TARGET	PROGRESS
Westpac Board	40	40:40:201	✓
Executive Team	50	40:40:201	✓
D General Managers	39	40 +/-2	✓
Senior Leadership	49	50 +/-22	✓
> Westpac workforce	54	50	✓

5% average pay equity difference by organisational level³

39.3% median gender pay gap

Focus on reducing our gender pay gap

by improving female representation in key roles, supported by a dedicated gender strategy and targets

Targeted initiatives and programs:

Illuminate program supporting 82 aspiring female leaders through General Manager sponsorship

- Women in Tech EmPOWERUP return to work program
- RISE project progressing careers for cultural diversity
- Advance program for women with disability

GROWING INDIGENOUS REPRESENTATION



-- FY23 Target -- FY24 Target

New initiatives to increase representation – Echo Elevate and Coaching for leaders Mobtech – non-traditional pathway for careers in tech



FOSTERING AN INCLUSIVE CULTURE

Leadership development – Inclusive Leadership training for all people leaders (3,000+ completed), LGBTQ+ Executive Fellowship participation

Diversity, Equity and Inclusion initiatives – Employee Advocacy Group (EAGx) event and expo with 4,000+ employees participating, delivered Leading Culturally Diverse Teams training for 60 leaders, ongoing partnership with John Yu Fellowship

Upstander initiative expanded – to speak up and act against racism and discrimination, launched in Papua New Guinea and Fiji

MEASURING ORGANISATIONAL HEALTH

Appointed a Chief Mental Health Officer in 2018 to oversee Group mental health strategy

Mental Health Workplace Factors Review program assessing and addressing psychosocial risks at division level in FY24

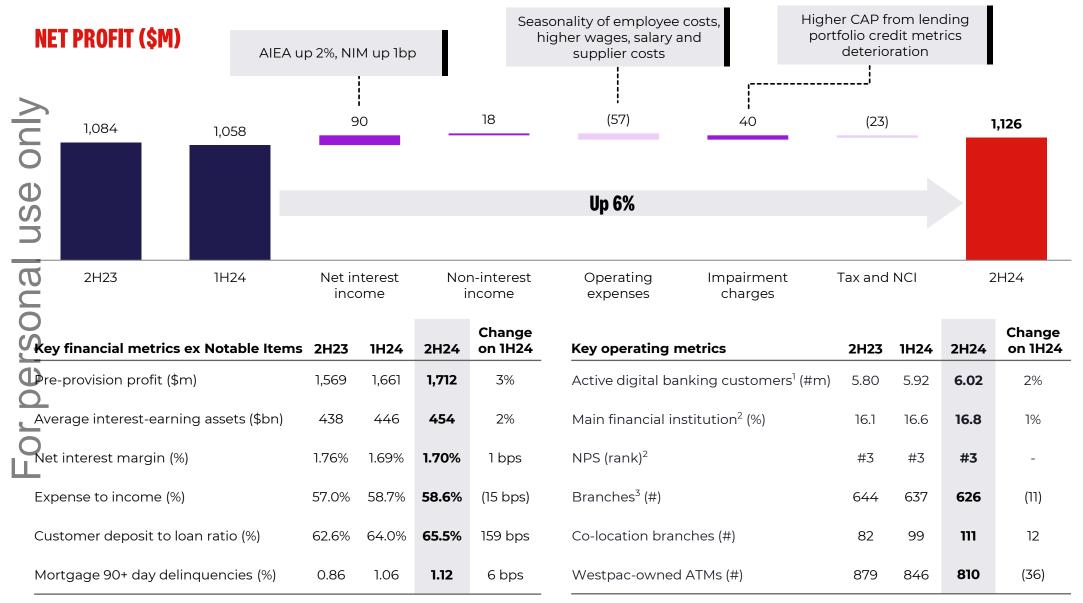
10 Employee Advocacy Groups supporting diversity and inclusion

1 40% women, 40% men and 20% of any gender. Westpac Board includes CEO. Executive team excludes CEO. 2 Senior leadership includes executive team, general managers and their direct reports (excluding administrative or support roles). 3 5% for 8 of 9 levels below Group Executive (6% at level 3); measured on base salary by organisational job level. 4 At FY24. Our Voice+ survey includes McKinsey's Organisational Health Index – benchmarking Westpac's organisational health relative to global standards.



SEGMENT RESULTS

CONSUMER 2H24 PERFORMANCE



¹ Australian consumer and business customers who have had an authenticated session (including Quickzone) on Westpac Group digital banking platforms in the prior 90 days. 2 See appendix page 118. 3 Includes all points of presence including Advisory, Community Banking Centres and Kiosks. Co-located branches are considered two points of presence.



BUSINESS AND WEALTH 2H24 PERFORMANCE



¹ Refer page 118 for definitions. 2 Includes EFTPOS Core Products (EFTPOS Air, EFTPOS Flex, EFTPOS Now, EFTPOS Connect and Open Loop Transit). 3 Pensions outflows are total outflows from pension accounts; Net flows including pension outflows BT Panorama net flows were \$0.9b for the 6 months to Sep-24.



BT PANORAMA

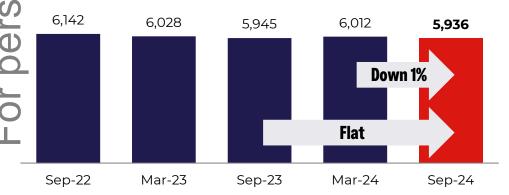
BUSINESS AND WEALTH

FUA ON BT PANORAMA (\$M)



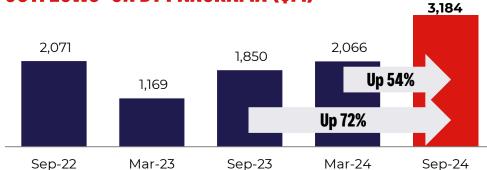
Winner of Platform of the Year Award¹

ACTIVE ADVISERS ON BT PANORAMA (#)



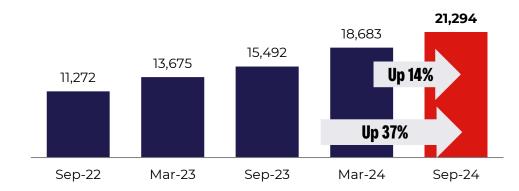
Winner of Adviser satisfaction with mobile access for clients: Wrap Platform²

NET FLOWS EXCLUDING PENSION OUTFLOWS³ ON BT PANORAMA (\$M)



Awarded Best Client Portal for the sixth consecutive year⁴

MANAGED ACCOUNTS FUA ON BT PANORAMA (\$M)

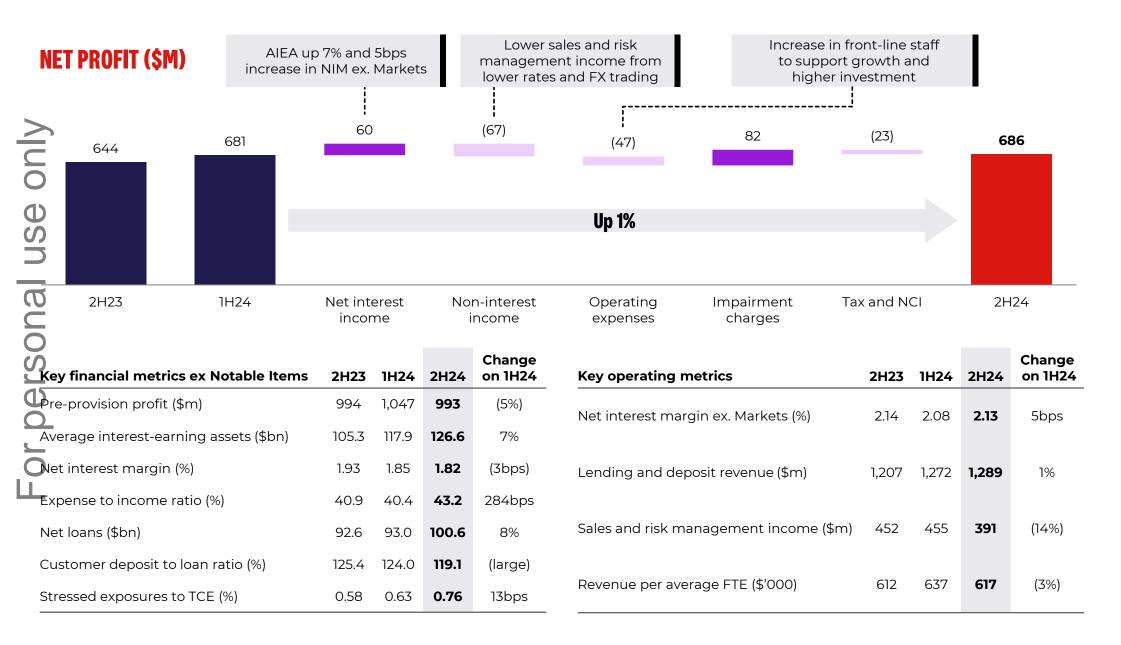


Managed Accounts (SMA/MDA) Offering of the Year – BT managed accounts⁵

1 Australian Wealth Management Awards (May 24). 2 Investment Trends Adviser Tech Needs Report (June 24). 3 Pensions outflows are total outflows from pension accounts; Net flows including pension outflows BT Panorama net flows were \$0.9b for the 6 months to Sep-24. 4 Investment Trends Platform Competitive Analysis & Benchmarking Report 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 (released Feb' 24). 5 Activam Impact awards (Sep' 24). See https://www.bt.com.au/about-bt/bt-financial-group/overview/awards.html for more awards.

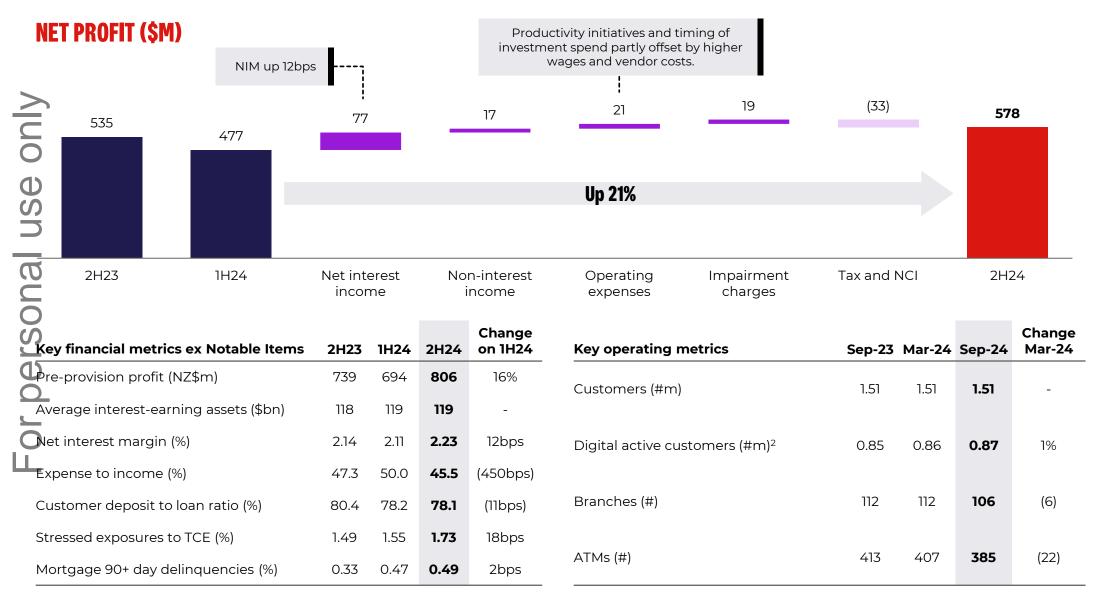


INSTITUTIONAL 2H24 PERFORMANCE





NEW ZEALAND 2H24 PERFORMANCE¹

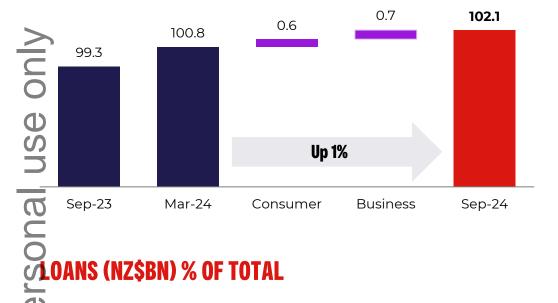


¹ In NZ\$ unless otherwise noted. 2 Digital active customers have been restated due to a change in definition.

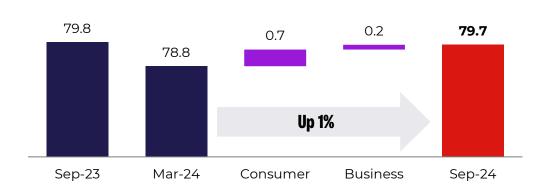


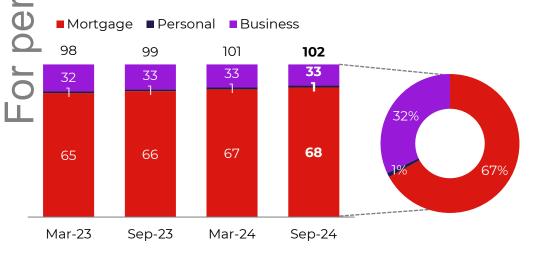
NEW ZEALAND BALANCE SHEET

NET LOANS (NZ\$BN)

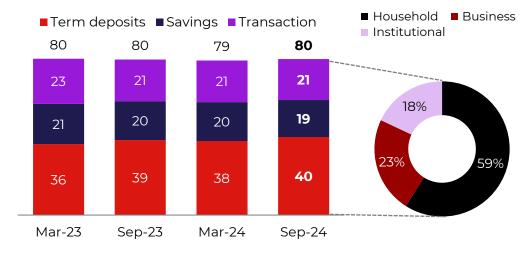


CUSTOMER DEPOSITS (NZ\$BN)





CUSTOMER DEPOSITS (NZ\$BN) AND % OF TOTAL¹







Lor bersonal nse only Solution Statement of the control of the co

KEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS

			2023			20	24			Calend	ar Years	
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3E	Q4F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
World	GDP ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.3
Australia	GDP ²	1.9	2.1	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.5	2.4	1.6	1.5	2.4
0	Unemployment – end period	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.3	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.6
(1)	CPI headline – year end	6.0	5.4	4.1	3.6	3.8	2.9	2.6	7.8	4.1	2.6	3.6
0	Interest rates – cash rate	4.10	4.10	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35	3.10	4.35	4.35	3.35
New Zealand	GDP ²	1.5	-0.6	0.0	0.5	-0.5	-0.3	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	2.3
	Unemployment – end period	3.6	3.9	4.0	4.4	4.6	5.0	5.3	3.4	4.0	5.3	5.5
T	Consumer prices	6.0	5.6	4.7	4.0	3.3	2.2	2.1	7.2	4.7	2.1	2.0
ه	Interest rates – official cash rate	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.25	4.25	4.25	5.50	4.25	3.50

Sources: IMF, RBA, Statistics NZ, Westpac Economics

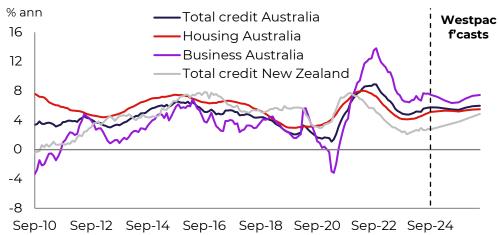
KEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS

3		2022	2023	2024F	2025F
Australia	Credit growth				
5	Total – year end	7.8	4.8	5.7	5.7
	Housing – year end	6.5	4.2	5.2	5.4
-	Business – year end	11.9	6.5	7.2	7.0
New Zealand Credit growth					
	Total – year end	4.6	2.2	3.0	4.2
	Housing – year end	4.4	3.0	3.7	5.4
	Business – year end	5.4	0.6	1.9	2.0

Sources: RBA, Statistics NZ, Westpac Economics.

1 Year average growth rates. 2 Through the year growth rates.

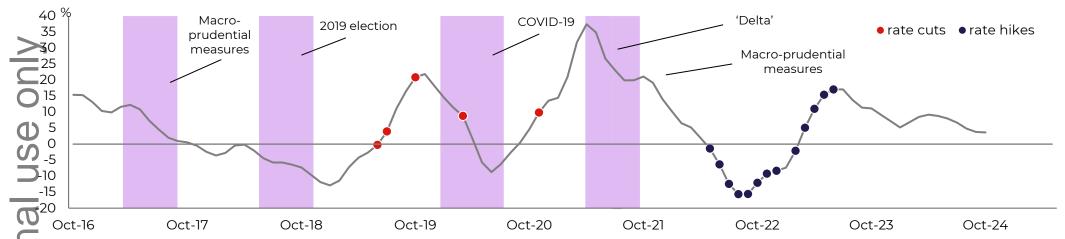
PRIVATE SECTOR CREDIT GROWTH (% ANN)



Sources: RBA, Westpac Economics.



DWELLING PRICES (%, 3 MONTH ANNUALISED)



Sources: CoreLogic, Westpac Economics

DWELLING PRICES (%) – (TO OCT-24)

Capital city	Pop'n	Last 3 mths	Last 12 mths	Last 5 years
Sydney	5.5m	Up 0.1%	Up 3.7%	Up 37.8%
Melbourne	5.2m	Down 0.8%	Down 1.9%	Up 14.3%
Brisbane	2.7m	Up 2.4%	Up 13.0%	Up 71.2%
Perth	2.3m	Up 4.1%	Up 22.6%	Up 79.4%

Sources: CoreLogic, Westpac Economics

DWELLING PRICES (ANNUAL %)

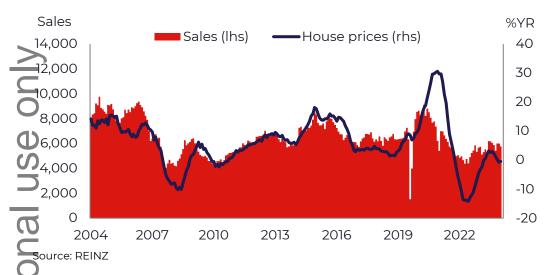
Capital city	Avg*	2021	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
Sydney	5.9	26.9	-11.4	11.3	5	4
Melbourne	4.4	16.1	-7.1	4.1	0	3
Brisbane	6.6	31.5	-1.9	13.7	12	3
Perth	4.3	13.9	4.2	16.2	20	4
Australia	5.5	23.0	-6.6	10.1	6	4

^{*} Average last 10yrs. Sources: CoreLogic, Westpac Economics



NEW ZEALAND HOUSING MARKET – ACTIVITY HAS STABILISED, STILL SUBDUED

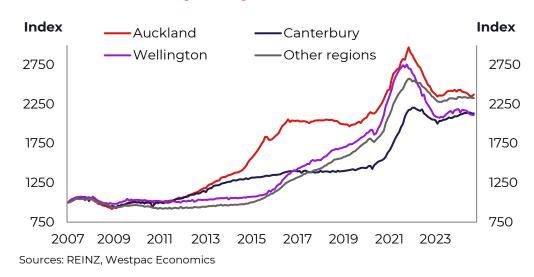
MONTHLY HOUSE SALES AND PRICES (% YR)



DWELLING PRICES



DWELLING PRICES (INDEX)



DWELLING PRICES (%) – (TO SEP-24)

Capital city	Pop'n	Last 3 mths	Last 12 mths	Last 5 years
Auckland	1.7m	Flat	Down 2%	Up 17%
Wellington	0.6m	Down 2%	Down 2%	Up 17%
Canterbury	0.7m	Flat	Up 3%	Up 49%
Nationwide	5.3m	Down 1%	Down 1%	Up 27%

Forecast (Annual %)	Ave. past 10 years	2021	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
Nationwide	7%	+26%	-13%	-1%	-1%	+8%

Sources: CoreLogic, REINZ, Westpac Economics.



SPENDING: ANNUAL GROWTH BY AGE AND MORTGAGE

INCOME: ANNUAL GROWTH AND TAX BOOST BY AGE

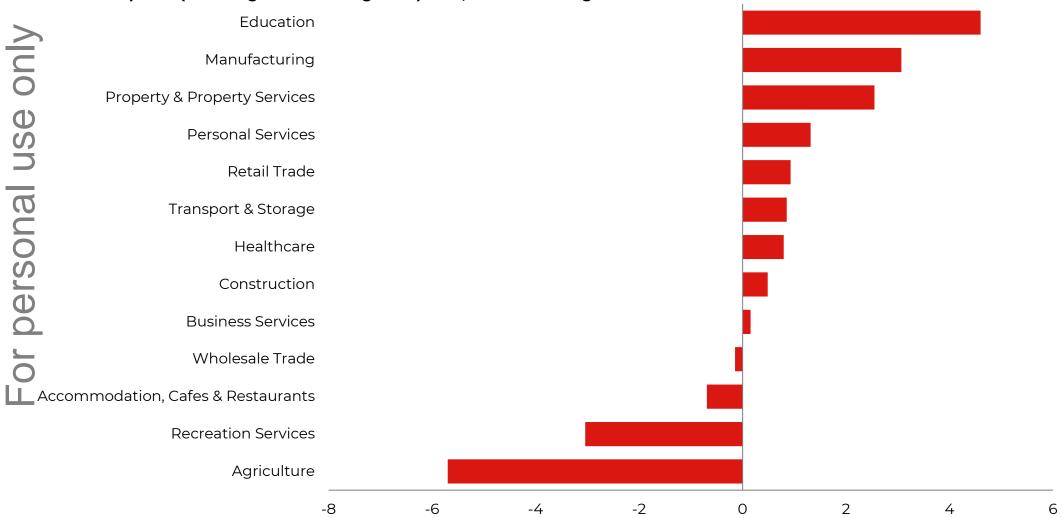


1 Source: Westpac DataX, Sep-24 quarter compared to Sep-23 quarter. Data compiled from a sample of Westpac and St.George Bank consumer customers on the Eastern Seaboard. Spending has been seasonally adjusted using the US Census Bureau X-13 ARIMA process. Income refers to salary and government income paid into transaction accounts and does not include property, interest or other income.



DIVIDE BETWEEN INDUSTRIES CONTINUES TO GROW¹

Income to expense (including debt servicing costs) ratio, annual % change



1 Source: Westpac Group, Macrobond.





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APPENDIX 1: NET PROFIT EX NOTABLE ITEMS¹

\$m	2H23	1H24	2H24	Change 2H24 – 1H24 (%)
Net interest income	9,212	9,351	9,565	2
Non-interest income	1,459	1,465	1,382	(6)
Net operating income	10,671	10,816	10,947	1
Expenses	(5,244)	(5,395)	(5,549)	3
Pre-provision profit	5,427	5,421	5,398	(0)
mpairment charges	(258)	(362)	(175)	(52)
Tax and non-controlling interests (NCI)	(1,624)	(1,553)	(1,616)	4
Net profit	3,545	3,506	3,607	3

¹ For further information refer to Westpac's 2024 Full Year Results Announcement.



(\$m)	Net profit after tax	Hedging Notable Items	Net profit excluding hedging Notable Items ²	Other Notable Items³	Net profit excluding Notable Items ⁴	FY24 Net profit excluding Notable Items & impact of business sold	FY23 Net profit excluding Notable Items & impact of business sold	% change FY24-FY23
Net interest Income	18,753	(163)	18,916	-	18,916	18,916	18,414	3%
Non-interest income	2,835	(12)	2,847	-	2,847	2,847	2,988	(5%)
Net operating income	21,588	(175)	21,763	-	21,763	21,763	21,402	2%
Expenses	(10,944)	-	(10,944)	-	(10,944)	(10,944)	(10,278)	6%
Pre-provision profit	10,644	(175)	10,819	-	10,819	10,819	11,124	(3%)
Ompairment charges	(537)	-	(537)	-	(537)	(537)	(648)	(17%)
Tax and non- controlling interests (NCI)	(3,117)	52	(3,169)	-	(3,169)	(3,169)	(3,239)	(2%)
Net profit	6,990	(123)	7,113	-	7,113	7,113	7,237	(2%)

¹ For further information refer to Westpac's 2024 Full Year Results Announcement. 2 Referred to as Cash earnings in previous periods. 3 Other Notable Items include provisions for remediation, litigation, fines and penalties; impact from asset sales and revaluations; asset write-downs and restructuring costs. 4 Referred to as Cash earnings excluding Notable Items in previous periods.



APPENDIX 3: DEFINITIONS – CREDIT QUALITY

	>90 days past due	Includes facilities less than 90 days past due and those credit exposures, that are in default, but where it is expected that the full value of principal and accrued interest can be collected, generally by reference to the value of security held
VIOO ONIV	90+ days past due	Includes facilities 90 days or more past due, and those credit exposures that are in default, but where it is expected that the full value of principal and accrued interest can be collected, generally by reference to the value of security held
	Provision for expected credit losses	Expected credit losses (ECL) are a probability-weighted estimate of the cash shortfalls expected to result from defaults over the relevant time frame. They are determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes and taking into account the time value of money, past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions
מכ	Collectively assessed provisions (CAP)	CAP for ECL under AASB 9 represent the ECL which is collectively assessed in pools of similar assets with similar risk characteristics. This incorporates forward looking information and does not require an actual loss event to have occurred for an impairment provision to be recognised
	Individually assessed provisions (IAP)	Provisions raised for losses on loans that are known to be impaired and are assessed on an individual basis. The estimated losses on these impaired loans is based on expected future cash flows discounted to their present value and, as this discount unwinds, interest will be recognised in the income statement
	Stage 1: 12 months ECL – performing	For financial assets where there has been no significant increase in credit risk since origination a provision for 12 months ECL is recognised. Interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset
Ц	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL – performing	For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination but where the asset is still performing a provision for lifetime ECL is recognised. Interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset
	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL – non- performing	For financial assets that are non-performing a provision for lifetime ECL is recognised. Interest revenue is calculated on the carrying amount net of the provision for ECL rather than the gross carrying amount

Impaired exposures	 Includes exposures that have deteriorated to the point where full collection of interest and principal is in doubt, based on an assessment of the customer's outlook, cash flow, and the net realisation of value of assets to which recourse is held: Facilities 90 days or more past due, and full recovery is in doubt: exposures where contractual payments are 90 or more days in arrears and the net realisable value of assets to which recourse is held may not be sufficient to allow full collection of interest and principal, including overdrafts or other revolving facilities that remain continuously outside approved limits by material amounts for 90 or more calendar days; Non-accrual facilities: exposures with individually assessed impairment provisions held against them, excluding restructured loans; Restructured facilities: exposures where the original contractual terms have been formally modified to provide for concessions of interest or principal for reasons related to the financial difficulties of the customer; Other assets acquired through security enforcement (includes other real estate owned): includes the value of any other assets acquired as full or partial settlement of outstanding obligations through the enforcement of security arrangements; or Any other facilities where the full collection of interest and principal is in doubt.
Stressed exposures	Watchlist and substandard, non-performing not impaired, and impaired exposures
Total committed exposures (TCE)	Represents the sum of the committed portion of direct lending (including funds placement overall and deposits placed), contingent and pre-settlement risk plus the committed portion of secondary market trading and underwriting risk
Watchlist and substandard	Loan facilities where customers are experiencing operating weakness and financial difficulty but are not expected to incur loss of interest or principal



APPENDIX 3: DEFINITIONS - SEGMENTS, EARNINGS DRIVERS, CAPITAL AND LIQUIDITY

SEGMENTS

	Consumer	Consumer provides banking products and services, including mortgages, credit cards, personal loans, and savings and deposit products to Australian retail customers			
Ju	Business and Wealth	Business and Wealth serves the banking and wealth needs of Australian customers, including small business, Agribusiness and Commercial businesses			
	WIB	Westpac Institutional Bank (WIB) provides a broad range of financial products and services to corporate, institutional and government customers			
	Westpac NZ	Westpac New Zealand provides banking, wealth and insurance products and services for consumer, business and institutional customers in New Zealand			

EARNINGS DRIVERS

C	J	
	Average interest- earning assets (AIEA)	The average balance of assets held by the Group that generate interest income. Where possible, daily balances are used to calculate the average balance
Pro	Group net interest margin	Calculated by dividing net interest income by average interest-earning assets (annualised where applicable)
	Core net interest margin	Calculated by dividing net interest income excluding Notable Items and Treasury & Markets by average interest-earning assets (annualised where applicable)
Ц	Pre-provision profit	Net operating income less operating expenses
	NCI	Non-controlling interests
	Full-time equivalent employees (FTE)	A calculation based on the number of hours worked by full and part-time employees as part of their normal duties. For example, the full-time equivalent of one FTE is 76 hours paid work per fortnight

CAPITAL AND LIQUIDITY

Capital ratios	As defined by APRA (unless stated otherwise)
Committed liquidity facility (CLF)	The RBA makes available to Australian Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions (ADIs) a CLF that, subject to qualifying conditions, can be accessed to meet LCR requirements under APS210 Liquidity. APRA announced in September 2021 that ADIs subject to the LCR should reduce their CLF usage to zero by 1 January 2023
High quality liquid assets (HQLA)	Assets which meet APRA's criteria for inclusion as HQLA in the numerator of the LCR
Internationally comparable ratios	Internationally comparable regulatory capital ratios are Westpac's estimated ratios after adjusting the capital ratios determined under APRA Basel III regulations for various items. Analysis aligns with the APRA study titled "International capital comparison study" dated 13 July 2015
Leverage ratio	As defined by APRA (unless stated otherwise). Tier I capital divided by 'exposure measure' and expressed as a percentage. 'Exposure measure' is the sum of on-balance sheet exposures, derivative exposures, securities financing transaction exposures and other off-balance sheet exposures
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	An APRA requirement to maintain an adequate level of unencumbered high quality liquid assets, to meet liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day period under an APRA-defined severe stress scenario. Absent a situation of financial stress, the value of the LCR must not be less than 100%. LCR is calculated as the percentage ratio of stock of HQLA and CLF over the total net cash out-flows in a modelled 30 day defined stressed scenario
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR)	The NSFR is defined as the ratio of the amount of available stable funding (ASF) to the amount of required stable funding (RSF) defined by APRA. The amount of ASF is the portion of an ADI's capital and liabilities expected to be a reliable source of funds over a one year time horizon. The amount of RSF is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of an ADI's assets and off-balance sheet activities. ADI's must maintain an NSFR of at least 100%
Risk weighted assets or RWA	Assets (both on and off-balance sheet) are risk weighted according to each asset's inherent potential for default and what the likely losses would be in case of default. In the case of non-asset-backed risks (ie. market and operational risk), RWA is determined by multiplying the capital requirements for those risks by 12.5



APPENDIX 3: DEFINITIONS – OTHER

For personal use only	Branch transactions	Branch transactions are typically withdrawals, deposits, transfers and payments
	Customer satisfaction or CSAT	The Customer Satisfaction score is an average of customer satisfaction ratings of the customer's main financial institution for consumer or business banking on a scale of 0 to 10 (0 means 'extremely dissatisfied' and 10 means 'extremely satisfied')
	CSAT (Main Bank Service Satisfaction) (Westpac NZ)	Source: 3 month rolling Retail Market Monitor data (survey conducted by Insights HQ, formerly Camorra Research). Respondents are asked to rate the overall level of service they receive from their main bank (self-selected which ONE bank is their main provider of financial services) on a scale of 1 (Poor) to 5 (Excellent). The rating represents % of respondents who scored 4 (Very Good) or 5 (Excellent)
	CSAT – overall consumer	Source: Fifth Dimension (5D), September 2023 – September 2024, 6MR. MFI customers
	CSAT – overall business	Source: Fifth Dimension (5D), September 2023 – September 2024, 6MR. MFI businesses
	Digitally active	Australian consumer and business customers who have had an authenticated session (including Quickzone) on Westpac Group digital banking platforms in the prior 90 days
	Digital sales	The percentage of quality sales in a 12-week period that were digitally initiated (percentage against the count of all quality sales in that 12-week period)
	Digital transactions	Digital transactions including all payment transactions (Transfer Funds, Pay Anyone and BPAY) within Westpac Live and Compass, excl. Corporate Online and Business Banking online
	Average App sessions per day	Total number of sessions on Westpac Live & Compass initiated using an app over total number of days within a half year period

MFI share	MFI share results are based on the number of customers who have a Main Financial Institution (MFI) relationship with an institution, as a proportion of the number of customers that have a MFI relationship with any institution
Consumer MFI share	Source: Roy Morgan Single Source, September 2024, 6MR. MFI Banking Group customers.
Net Promoter Score or NPS	Net Promoter Score measures the net likelihood of recommendation to others of the customer's main financial institution for retail or business banking. Net Promoter Score SM is a trademark of Bain & Co Inc., Satmetrix Systems, Inc., and Mr Frederick Reichheld. Using a 11 point numerical scale where 10 is 'Extremely likely' and 0 is 'Not at all likely', Net Promoter Score is calculated by subtracting the percentage of Detractors (0-6) from the percentage of Promoters (9-10)
NPS Consumer (Westpac NZ)	Source: 3 month rolling Retail Market Monitor data (survey conducted by Insights HQ, formerly Camorra Research). Respondents are asked about likelihood to recommend their main bank to family and friends on a scale of 1 (extremely unlikely) to 10 (extremely likely). Net Promoter Score is represents % of Promoters (recommend score of 9 or 10) minus % of Detractors (recommend score of 1 to 6)
NPS – overall consumer	Source: Fifth Dimension (5D), September 2023 – September 2024, 6MR. MFI customers
NPS – overall business	Source: Fifth Dimension (5D), September 2023 – September 2024, 6MR. MFI businesses
NPS - Mortgages	Source: Fifth Dimension (5D) for March 2024 (1H24), 6MR, AFI customers. Mortgage NPS measures the likelihood to recommend the Mortgage they hold with their financial institution
St.George (SGB) brands	St.George Bank, Bank of Melbourne and BankSA
Westpac rank	The ranking refers to Westpac's position relative to the other three major Australian banks (ANZ, CBA and NAB)



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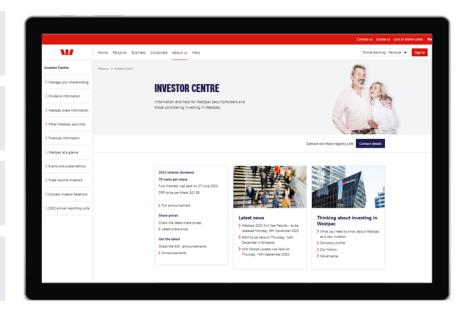
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$oldsymbol{\mathbb{Q}}_{\mathsf{Further}}$ important information regarding climate change and sustainability-related statements

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